AB INTER RAO LIETUVA

CONSOLIDATED AND PARENT.
COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2016, PREPARED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL
FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AS
ADOPTED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
PRESENTED TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of Inter RAO Lietuva AB

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of AB INTER RAO Lietuva, a public limited liability company registered in the Republic of Lithuania (hereinafter the Company), and the consolidated financial statements of AB INTER RAO Lietuva and its subsidiaries (hereinafter the Group), which comprise the statements of financial position as of 31 December 2016, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying Company's and consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2016 and their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company/Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the requirements of the Law on Audit of the Republic of Lithuania that are relevant to the audit in the Republic of Lithuania, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Impairment assessment of goodwill and licenses

Goodwill and licenses are accounted at cost less accumulated impairment (goodwill) and less accumulated amortization and impairment (licenses) and amount to EUR 5,500 thousand in the statement of financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2016 (Note 4). The Group performed an impairment test of these assets based on the value in use estimation as disclosed in Notes 2 and 4 to the accompanying financial statements and as a result an impairment of goodwill amounting to EUR 1,000 thousand was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the year 2016. The annual impairment test was significant to our audit as it involves management's judgment in making the assumptions related to cash flows forecasts, as well as the discount rate, used in the value in use estimations as disclosed in Note 4. Furthermore, the goodwill and licenses represent approximately 11% of the total assets of the Group as of 31 December 2016.



We involved valuation specialists to assist us with the assessment of the discount rate and calculation model used by the management in the impairment test. We reviewed and assessed other significant assumptions used by the management in the estimation of cash flows forecasts, compared cash flows comprising components to actual and planned levels. We tested the sensitivity in the available headroom of the cash generating unit (CGU) considering if a change in assumptions (as disclosed in Note 4) could cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount and also assessed the historical accuracy of management's estimates. Finally, we evaluated the adequacy of the Group's disclosures included in Note 4 about the assumptions used in the impairment test and the outcome of the test.

Other information included in the Consolidated Annual Report

Other information consists of the information included in the Consolidated Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company and/or the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and/or the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and/or the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The partner in charge of the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Asta Štreimikienė.

UAB ERNST & YOUNG BALTIC

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Audit company's licence No. 001335

Asta Štreimikienė Auditor's licence No. 000382

14 February 2017

Statements of financial position

			oup	Company		
		As at 31 December	As at 31 December	As at 31	As at 31	
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	December 2015	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Intangible assets						
Goodwill		716	1,716			
Operating license		4,832	6,045			
Other intangible assets		26	56	23	52	
Total intangible assets	4	5,574	7,817	23	52	
Property, plant and equipment		- 5884.5750	12/15000	7.000		
Land		654	696	140		
Buildings and structures		2,891	3,055			
Office premises		773	849	773	849	
Machinery and equipment		16,214	17,132	10000	-	
Other property, plant and equipment		42	56	34	51	
Total property, plant and equipment	5	20,574	21,788	807	900	
Investment proporty	2.6	135	146	135	146	
Interest in a joint venture and subsidiaries	1, 6	111	129	10,927	10,927	
Other non-current financial assets	7	83	1,058	39	41	
Derivative financial instruments	14	3000	A LOGINGARIO	18	232	
Deferred income tax asset	21			1	99	
Total non-current assets		26,477	30,938	11,950	12,397	
Current assets						
Inventorios and prepayments		647	197	598	140	
Accounts receivable						
Trade receivables	8, 26	12,925	15,252	10,050	13,181	
Other receivables from subsidiaries and joint venture	26	2	•	2,287	2,844	
Accrued income and other receivables	9	1,537	1,164	4	2	
Total accounts receivable		14,462	16,416	12,341	16,027	
Prepaid income tax		74	-	45		
Other current assets	7	1,204	379	30	250	
Derivative financial instruments	14	1,629		1,637	650	
Cash and cash equivalents	10	7,211	19,755	5,681	15,707	
Total current assets		25,227	36,747	20,332	32,774	
					- A TANADA	
Total assets	3	51,704	67,685	32,282	45,171	

(cont'd on the next page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



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Statements of financial position (cont'd)

		Gro	Group		Company		
	Notes	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					30.00		
Equity							
Sharo capital	1	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800		
Legal reservos	11	910	831	579	579		
Cash flow hedge reserve	11	(22)	(981)	122	73		
Currency translation reservo	2.2	(133)	(43)		10.00		
Rotained earnings		12,468	19,391	10,217	16,140		
Total equity		19,023	24,998	16,718	22,592		
Liabilities							
Non-current liabilities	60			-			
Non-current borrowings	12	10,450	13,750				
Financial lease obligations	13	691	727	-			
Derivative financial instruments	14	216	533	10	205		
Deferred income tax liability	21	1,202	918				
Total non-current liabilities		12,559	15,928	10	205		
Current liabilities							
Current portion of non-current borrowings	12	3,300	3,300	(4)			
Other financial debts	12	1,251	6,297	1,251	6,297		
Current portion of financial lease obligations	13	35	33		-		
Derivative financial instruments	14	275	865	129	564		
Trade payables	15, 26	12,233	11,108	12,138	11,054		
Incomo tax payable		-	2,265		2,146		
Advances received		206	98	199	98		
Other current liabilities	16	2,822	2,793	1,837	2.215		
Total current liabilities		20,122	26,759	15,554	22,374		
Total equity and liabilities							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

General Manager Giedrius Balčiūnas

Economic Director Paulius Vazniokas

14 February 2017

14 February 2017



Statements of comprehensive income

		Grou	p	Company		
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Sales	3,17	178,880	186,694	138,932	157,510	
Cost of sales	18	(159,937)	(157,092)	(123,866)	(133,501)	
Gross profit		18,943	29,602	15,066	24,009	
General and administrative expenses	19	(8,004)	(6,804)	(4,901)	(4,712)	
Profit from operations	-	10,939	22,798	10,165	19,297	
Income from other activities		9	26	17	12	
Finance income	20	657	35	1,632	75	
Finance expenses	20	(740)	(900)	(93)	(569)	
Share of result of joint venture	6	(18)	2	V/	(502)	
Profit (loss) before tax		10,847	21,961	11,721	18,815	
Income tax	21	(1,591)	(3,142)	(1,544)	(2,695)	
Net profit	-	9,256	18,819	10,177	16,120	
Net result on cash flow hedges income tax effect Effect of currency exchange Total other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods, net of tax	=	1,128 (169) (90) 869	(638) 85 19 (534)	58 (9) 49	37 (12)	
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	10,125	18,285	10,226	16,145	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (EUR)	22	0.46	0.94			
The accompanying notes are an inte	gral part of the	se financial stateme	ints.			
General Manager G	iedrius Balčiūr	nas //	10-	14 Fobruary	2017	
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Statements of changes in equity

Group

		Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent							
	Notes	Share capital	Legal reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Total		
Balance as at 31 December 2014		5,792	797	(428)	(62)	11,814	17,913		
Net profit for the year			- 1			18,819	18,819		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	14			(553)	19	10,010	(534)		
Total comprehensive income			34	(553)	19	18,819	18,285		
Transfer to reserves	11	2	34	1.00		(34)	NAME OF STREET		
Change of share capital due to transition to curo Dividends declared	23	8	*			(8)			
Balance as at 31 December	20	-		*	*	(11,200)	(11,200)		
2015		5,800	831	(981)	(43)	19,391	24,998		
Net profit for the year						9,256	9,256		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	14			959	(90)	0,600	869		
Total comprehensive income				959	(90)	9,256	10,125		
Transfer to reserves	11	2	79			(79)	1.00		
Dividends declared	23		19	- 2	21	(16,100)	(16,100)		
Balance as at 31 December 2016		5,800	910	(22)	(133)	12,468	19,023		

Company	Notes	Share capital	Legal reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2014	9	5,792	579	48	11,228	17,647
Net profit for the year	-	-			16,120	16,120
Other comprehensive income				25	10,120	25
Total comprehensive income				25	16,120	16,145
Change of share capital due to transition to euro Dividends declared	23	8		-	(8)	12
Balance as at 31 December 2015	20	5,800	579	73	(11,200) 16,140	(11,200)
Not profit for the year	-	3,000		-	10,177	22,592 10,177
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	14			49	-	49
Total comprehensive income	-	-		49	10,177	10,226
Dividends declared	23	-			(16,100)	(16,100)
Balance as at 31 December 2016		5,800	A 579	122	10,217	16,718

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

General Manager Giedrius Balčiūnas

Economic Director Paulius Vazniokas

14 February 2017

14 February 2017



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Statements of cash flows

	-	Grou	IP.	Compa	anv
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
Cash flows from (to) operating activities					40,10
Net profit		9,256	18,819	10,177	10 100
Adjustments for non-cash items: Income tax expenses	21	1,591	3,142	1,544	16,120
Depreciation and amortisation	4, 5	2,479	2,487	141	2,695 148
Impairment of investment to joint venture Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable		-	-	-	455
	8	2	6	(5)	6
Loss on write-offs of non-current assets					+
Share of not result of joint venture	6	18	(S)	875	-
Dividend (income)	20	-		(1,000)	(70)
Interest (income) expenses Change in fair value of derivatives not	20	738	871	89	112
designated as hodging instruments	20	(594)	1.0	(594)	-
Goodwill impairment	4	1,000			+
Change in accrued expenses	_	306		-	
Changes in working capital:		14,796	25,323	10,352	19,466
(Increase) decrease in inventories and prepayments and other receivables from subsidiaries and joint venture		(450)	(EC)		
Decrease in accounts receivable and other current assets		1,247	(56) 2,935	99	1,308
(Decrease) increase in trade payables		1,125	(4,968)	2,628	1,983
Income tax (paid)		(3,815)		1,084	(4,856)
(Decrease) in other current liabilities		(193)	(1,823)	(3,646)	(1,775)
Net cash flows from operating	_	(193)	(966)	(302)	(934)
activities	_	12,710	20,445	10,215	15,192
Cash flows from (to) investing activities					
(Acquisition) of non-current assots		(11)	(14)	701	(4.4)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets			394.000	(8)	(11)
Interest received		(25)	169	2	170
Dividends received			21	#5	-
Net cash flows from (to) investing	_		70	1,000	70
activities	-	(36)	246	994	229

(cont'd on the next page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



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Statements of cash flows (cont'd)

		Group		Company	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Cash flows from (to) financing activities					
Dividends (paid)	27	(3,220)	(4,920)	(3,220)	(4,920)
Loans repaid	27	(21,226)	(6,351)	(17,926)	(3,051)
Interest (paid)		(738)	(877)	(89)	(95)
Financial lease (payments)		(34)	(16)		
Net cash flows (to) financing activities		(25,218)	(12,164)	(21,235)	(8,066)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(12,544)	8,527	(10,026)	7,355
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		19,755	11,228	15,707	8,352
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		7,211	19,755	5,681	15,707

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

General Manager Giedrius Balčiūnas

Economic Director Paulius Vazniokas

14 February 2017

14 February 2017

Notes to the financial statements

1 General information

AB INTER RAO Lietuva (hereinafter, "the Company") is a public limited liability company registered in the Republic of Lithuania. Its registered office is located at:

A.Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius Lithuania

The Company was registered on 21 December 2002. On 22 October 2012 the Company changed its legal status from private limited liability company to public limited liability due to the listing on the Warsaw stock exchange. Since 18 December 2012 the Company's shares are traded on the Warsaw Stock Exchange on the Main trade list.

The Company's core line of business is supply of electricity. The Company holds the following licenses and permissions:

- 1) A license No. L1-NET-14 of an independent electricity supplier entitling to supply electricity in Lithuania;
- 2) Unlimited-term permission No. LE-0004 for electricity export from Lithuania;
- 3) Unlimited-term permission No. LI-0002 for electricity import to Lithuania;
- 4) Unlimited-term permission No. LE-0020 for electricity export to Russia and Belarus;
- 5) Unlimited-term permission No. LI-0030 for electricity import from Russia and Belarus to Lithuania.

The subsidiary SIA INTER RAO Latvia is included in electricity trading registry in the Republic of Latvia. The subsidiary OU INTER RAO Eesti holds a termless license No. 7.2-3/12-042 of an independent electricity supplier in Estonia. The subsidiary Vydmantai wind park, UAB holds a termless permit to produce electricity No. LG - 0238. In 2014 the Energy Regulatory Authority of the Republic of Poland has granted the Group's company Sp z o.o. IRL Polska the license for electricity trading which took effect on 9 January 2014.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the shareholders of the Company were as follows:

	31 Decemb	er 2016	31 December 201	
	Number of shares held	Interest held	Number of shares held	Interest held
RAO Nordic Oy, company code 1784937-7, Tammasaarenkatu 1, Helsinki, Finland UAB Scaent Baltic, company code 300661378,	10,200,000	51%	10,200,000	51%
Jogailos str. 9, Vilnius, Lithuania	5,800,000	29%	5,800,000	29%
Other shareholders	4,000,000	20%	4,000,000	20%
Total	20,000,000	100%	20,000,000	100%
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As of 31 December 2016 the number of employees of the Group and the Company was 42 and 25, respectively (as of 31 December 2015 – 44 and 27, respectively).

The ultimate parent company is PJSC Inter RAO, company code 2320109650, address Bolshaya Pirogovskaya st. 27, building 2, Moscow 119435, Russian Federation.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company's share capital was comprised of 20,000,000 ordinary shares with the par value of EUR 0.29 each. The share capital was fully paid as at 31 December 2016 and 2015. The Company did not hold its own shares in 2016 and 2015. As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the subsidiaries and the joint venture did not hold any shares of the Company.

The management of the Company approved these financial statements on 14 February 2017. The shareholders of the Company have a statutory right to either approve these financial statements or not approve them and require a new set of financial statements to be prepared.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

1 General information (cont'd)

As at 31 December 2016 the Group consisted of the Company and the following directly controlled subsidiaries and joint venture (hereinafter, the Group):

Company	Company code	Directly and indirectly held effective attributable interest	Investment value (cost less impairment)	Profit (loss) for 2016	Equity As at 31 December 2016	Registration address	Activity
OU INTER RAO Eesti - subsidiary	11879805	100 %	32	57	467	Peterburi tee 47, Tallinn, Estonia	Trade of electricity
SIA INTER RAO Latvia - subsidiary	40103268639	100 %	3	75	(534)	Gustava Zemgala gatve 76, Riga, Latvia	Trade of electricity
Sp. z c.o. IRL Polska - subsidiary	0000436992	100 %	2,392	(13)	1,895	Twarda 18 00- 105, Warsaw, Poland	Trade of electricity
UAB Alproka – joint venture	125281684	49.99 %	-	(36)	223	Verkių Str. 25C, Vilnius, Lithuania	Operations with real estate
Vydmantai wind park, UAB - subsidiary	302666616	100 %	8,500	(23)	11,434	A.Tumeno Str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania	Generation of electricity

As at 31 December 2015 the Group consisted of the Company and the following directly and indirectly controlled subsidiaries and joint venture (hereinafter, the Group):

Company	Company code	Directly and indirectly held effective attributable interest	Investment value (cost less impairment)	Profit (loss) for 2015	Equity As at 31 December 2015	Registration address	Activity
OU INTER RAO Eesti - subsidiary	11879805	100 %	32	191	(493)	Vaikare-Karja 3/Sauna 2, Tallinn, Estonia	Trade of electricity
SIA INTER RAO Latvia - subsidiary	40103268639	100 %	3	780	(609)	Ropažu iela 10, Riga, Latvia	Trade of electricity
Sp. z c.o. IRL Polska - subsidiary	0000436992	100 %	2,392	(163)	1,996	Emilii Plater 53. Warsaw, Poland	Trade of electricity
UAB Alproka – joint venture	125281684	49.99 %		3	258	Verkių Str. 25C, Vilnius, Lithuania	Operations with real estate
Vydmantai wind park, UAB - subsidiary	302666616	100 %	8,500	1,593	12,314	A.Tumeno Str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania	Generation of electricity

Changes in 2016

No changes during 2016.

Changes in 2015

In 2015 the Company estimated the recoverable value of UAB Alproka and recorded the impairment to investment in joint venture of EUR 455 thousand under financial expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.



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AB INTER RAO LIETUVA, company code 126119913, A.Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in preparing the Group's and the Company's financial statements for the year 2016 are as follows:

2.1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the European Union (hereinafter the EU).

These financial statements are prepared based on a historical cost basis except for derivative financial instruments, which are measured at fair value.

Adoption of new and/or changed IFRS and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following amended IFRSs which have been adopted by the Group/Company as of 1 January 2016:

- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of financial statements: Disclosure Initiative
 The amendments aim at clarifying IAS 1 to address perceived impediments to preparers exercising their
 judgment in presenting their financial reports. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on
 or after 1 January 2016. Management has not made use of this amendment.
- Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant & Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible assets: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization
 The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and provides additional guidance on how the depreciation or amortisation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets should be calculated. It is clarified that a revenue-based method is not considered to be an appropriate manifestation of consumption. Management has not made use of this amendment.
- Amendments to IAS 19 Employee Benefits
 The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015. The amendment addresses accounting for the employee contributions to a defined benefit plan. The objective of the amendment is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. The Group/Company does not have any employee benefits that fall within the scope of this amendment.
- Amendment to IFRS 11 Joint arrangements: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint
 Operations
 The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. IFRS 11 addresses the
 accounting for interests in joint ventures and joint operations. The amendment adds new guidance on how to
 account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business in accordance with
 IFRS and specifies the appropriate accounting treatment for such acquisitions. Management has not made
- The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 2012 Cycle, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015. None of these had an effect on the Group's/Company's financial statements.
 - IFRS 2 Share-based Payment,
 - IFRS 3 Business Combinations;
 - IFRS 8 Operating Segments;

use of this amendment.

- IFRS 13 Fair value Measurement;
- IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment,
- IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- IAS 38 Intangible Assets.
- The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 2014 Cycle, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. None of these had an effect on the Group's/Company's financial statements.
 - IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operation;
 - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
 - IAS 19 Employee Benefits;
 - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The Group/Company has not applied the following IFRS and IFRIC interpretations that have been issued as of the date of authorization of these financial statements for issue, but which are not yet effective:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 and introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 15 establishes a five-step model that will apply to revenue earned from a contract with a customer, regardless of the type of revenue transaction or the industry. Extensive disclosures will be required, including disaggregation of total revenue; information about performance obligations; changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgments and estimates. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, once endorsed by the EU).

The objective of the Clarifications is to clarify the IASB's intentions when developing the requirements in IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, particularly the accounting of identifying performance obligations amending the wording of the "separately identifiable" principle, of principal versus agent considerations including the assessment of whether an entity is a principal or an agent as well as applications of control principle and of licensing providing additional guidance for accounting of intellectual property and royalties. The Clarifications also provide additional practical expedients for entities that either apply IFRS 15 fully retrospectively or that elect to apply the modified retrospective approach. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

IFRS 16 Leases (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2019, once endorsed by the EU)

IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17 and specifies how to recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: Disclosure Initiative (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2017, once endorsed by the EU)

The amendments improve information provided to users of financial statements about an entity's financing activities. Entities are required to disclose changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, for example, by providing reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities. The implementation of these amendments will not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group/Company but may result in changes in disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2017, once endorsed by the EU)

The amendments clarify how to account for deferred tax assets for unrealized losses on debt instruments measured at fair value. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share based Payment Transactions (Amendments) (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018, once endorsed by the EU)

The Amendments provide requirements on the accounting for the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments, for share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations and for modifications to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled. The Group/Company has no share based payment transactions, therefore these amendments will not have any impact on the financial statements of the Group/Company.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.1 Basis of preparation (cont'd)

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (In December 2015 the IASB postponed the effective date of this amendment indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting.)

The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28, in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business and partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

IFRIC INTERPETATION 22: Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2018, once endorsed by the EU)

The Interpretation clarifies the accounting for transactions that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency. The Interpretation covers foreign currency transactions when an entity recognizes a non-monetary asset or a non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration before the entity recognizes the related asset, expense or income. The Interpretation states that the date of the transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, then the entity must determine a date of the transactions for each payment or receipt of advance consideration. The Group/Company has not yet evaluated the impact of the implementation of this standard.

The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014 – 2016 Cycle, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 for IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and on or after 1 January 2018 for IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards and for IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. Earlier application is permitted for IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. These annual improvements have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards: This improvement deletes the short-term exemptions regarding disclosures about financial instruments, employee benefits and investment entities, applicable for first time adopters.

IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: The amendments clarify that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is venture capital organization, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: The amendments clarify that the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12, other than those of summarized financial information for subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, apply to an entity's interest in a subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate that is classified as held for sale, as held for distribution, or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5.

The Group/Company plans to adopt the above mentioned standards and interpretations on their effectiveness date provided they are endorsed by the EU.

2.2. Measurement and presentation currency

The amounts shown in these financial statements (including comparatives) are presented in the local currency of the Republic of Lithuania, Euro (EUR), rounded to EUR thousand, unless otherwise stated.

Starting 1 January 2015 the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries operating in Lithuania is Euro. The functional currency of subsidiaries in Latvia and Estonia is Euro. The functional currency of the subsidiary in Poland is Zloty. Items included in the financial statements of this subsidiary are measured using its functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate of exchange as at the date of the statement of financial position.

The assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiary are translated into Euro at the reporting date using the rate of exchange as at the reporting date, and its statement of comprehensive income is translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The exchange differences arising on this translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that foreign operation is recognised in profit (loss).



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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.2. Measurement and presentation currency (cont'd)

Non-current receivables from or loans granted to foreign subsidiaries that are neither planned nor likely to be settled in the future are considered to be a part of the Company's net investment in the foreign operation. In the Group's consolidated financial statements the exchange differences recognized in the separate financial statements of the subsidiary in relation to these monetary items are reclassified to other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that foreign operation is recognised in profit (loss).

2.3. Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include UAB INTER RAO Lietuva and its subsidiaries as well as joint venture. The financial statements of the subsidiaries and joint venture are prepared for the same reporting year, using consistent accounting policies.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

 Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);

Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee;

- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date from which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. All intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions among the Group companies have been eliminated. The equity and net income attributable to non-controlling interests, if any, are shown separately in the statement of financial position and the statement of comprehensive income.

Total comprehensive income of a subsidiary is attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

Acquisitions and disposals of non-controlling interest by the Group are accounted as equity transaction: the difference between the carrying value of the net assets acquired from/disposed to the non-controlling interests in the Group's financial statements and the acquisition price/proceeds from disposal is accounted directly in equity.

Interest in a joint venture

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group has an interest in a joint venture, which is a jointly controlled entity, whereby the venturers have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control over the economic activities of the entity. The agreement requires unanimous agreement for financial and operating decisions among the venturers. The Group recognises its interest in the joint venture using the equity method.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, is recognised in accordance with IAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.



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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.3. Principles of consolidation (cont'd)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill impairment is assessed annually. Once recognized, impairment losses are not reversed. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.4. Investments (in the Company's separate accounts)

Interest in a joint venture

The Company has an interest in a joint venture, which is a jointly controlled entity, whereby the venturers have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control over the economic activities of the entity. The agreement requires unanimous agreement for financial and operating decisions among the venturers. The Company accounts for its interest in the joint venture at cost less impairment.

Interests in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment in the statement of financial position of the Company. Accordingly, the investment is initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given subsequently adjusted for any impairment losses. The carrying value of the investment is tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may exceed the recoverable amount (higher of the two; fair value less costs to sell and value in use) of the investment. If such indications exist, the Company makes an estimate of the investment's recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an investment exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, the investment is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as financial expense for the period.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, for the evaluation of impairment of investment into subsidiary Vydmantai wind park, UAB the value in use concept was applied.

2.5. Intangible assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured initially at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is fair value as at the date of acquisition. Intangible assets are recognised if it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of asset can be measured reliably.

The useful lives of all intangible assets are assessed to be finite.

After initial recognition, intangible assets with finite lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their expected useful lives (years), except for the wind farm operating license which validity term is indefinite, but the associated favourable fixed feed-in tariff expires in 2020.

The amortisation period of the wind farm operating license

9.5 years

Intangible assets are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed annually to ensure that they are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items in intangible assets other than goodwill.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.6. Property, plant and equipment and investment property

Property, plant and equipment and investment property are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment and investment property comprises its purchase price, including nonrefundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment is ready for its intended use, such as repair and maintenance costs, are normally charged to the statement of comprehensive income in the period the costs are incurred.

The Group has leased plots of land on which it operates wind turbines. Those lease arrangements are classified as finance leases of the land. The initial cost of land leased is equal to the present value of future lease payments. For these purposes the applicable lease period was estimated at 20 years and the discount rate applied was 4.8%. Depreciation of leased land is calculated over the minimum lease period, because the lease period represents useful life of leased land.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives (years):

Land lease	20
Office premises	15
Buildings and structures	8-20
Machinery and equipment (wind power plants)	20
Vehicles	5-10
Other fittings, fixtures, tools and equipment	3-6
Investment property (buildings and structures)	17

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed annually to ensure that they are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items in property, plant and equipment and investment property.

An item of property, plant and equipment and investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of comprehensive income in the year the asset is derecognised.

2.7. Financial assets

The Group's and the Company's financial assets are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. All purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The category of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss includes financial assets classified as held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IAS 39. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments that are intended to be held-to-maturity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the investments are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments and loans and receivables categories. After initial recognition available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses (except impairment and gain or losses from foreign currencies exchange) being recognised in other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognised or until the investment is determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is included in the profit (loss). The Group and the Company does not have any material available-for-sale financial instruments.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.7. Financial assets (cont'd)

Loans and receivables

-19

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Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recorded at the fair value of the consideration given. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Allowance for doubtful receivables is evaluated when the indications leading to the impairment of accounts receivable are noticed and the carrying amount of the receivable is reduced through use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are derecognised (written off) when they are assessed as uncollectible.

2.8. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group and the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- the Group and the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group and the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's and the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group and the Company could be required to repay.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.9. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Group and the Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group and the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.10. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value, after impairment evaluation for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value is the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion, marketing and distribution. Cost of inventory is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Unrealisable inventory is fully written-off.

2.11. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in current bank accounts as well as deposits in bank with original term equal to or less than 3 months.

2.12. Derivative financial instruments

The Group engages in swap contract for interest rate and the Group and the Company engages in forward contract for electricity price risk management purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition and measurement, outstanding swaps and other derivative financial instruments are carried in the statement of financial position at the fair value. Fair value is derived from quoted market prices (level 1 in fair value hierarchy), or using the discounted cash flow method applying effective interest rate (level 2 in fair value hierarchy). The estimated fair values of these contracts are reported on a gross basis as financial assets for contracts having a positive fair value, and financial liabilities for contracts with a negative fair value.

Gain or loss from changes in the fair value of outstanding forward contracts, swaps and other derivative financial instruments, which are not classified as hedging instruments, are recognized as profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income as they arise.

2.13. Hedge accounting

For the purposes of hedge accounting, hedges are classified into two categories: (a) fair value hedges which hedge the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability; and (b) cash flow hedges which hedge exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a forecasted transaction. The Group and the Company use cash flow hedge.

In relation to cash flow hedges, which meet the conditions for hedge accounting, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income (profit or loss). The gains or losses on effective cash flow hedges recognized initially in equity are either transferred to the statement of comprehensive income (profit or loss) in the period in which the hedged transaction impacts the statement of comprehensive income (revenue caption for the electricity forward contracts) or included in the initial measurement of the cost of the related asset or liability.

For hedges, which do not qualify for hedge accounting, any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument are taken directly to the statement of comprehensive income (profit or loss) for the period.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in equity remains in equity until the forecasted transaction occurs. Where the hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognized in equity is transferred to the statement of comprehensive income (profit or loss).

In 2016 and 2015 the Group has entered into interest swap agreement with a purpose to hedge against a possible fluctuation/increase of EURIBOR on the loan taken from a bank, i. e. effectively switching the interest into a fixed rate (Note 14). In 2016 and 2015 the Group and the Company have entered into electricity forward contracts with a purpose to hedge against a possible fluctuation of electricity prices (Note 14).

2.14. Borrowings

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. The Group capitalises borrowing costs for all qualifying assets where construction was commenced on or after 1 January 2009. However, there were no borrowing costs matching the capitalisation criteria in 2016 and 2015.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value of proceeds received, less the costs of transaction. They are subsequently carried at amortised cost, the difference between net proceeds and redemption value being recognised in the net profit or loss over the period of the borrowings (except for the capitalized part) using the effective interest method.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.15. Financial and operating leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use an asset.

Financial lease

Finance leases that transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the commencement of the lease. The Group recognises financial leases as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at amounts equal at the inception of the lease to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, to the present value of the minimum lease payments. The rate of discount used when calculating the present value of minimum payments of financial lease is the interest rate implicit in the financial lease agreement, when it is possible to determine it, in other cases, Group's incremental interest rate on borrowings applies. Directly attributable initial costs are included into the asset value. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The depreciation is accounted for financial lease assets. The depreciation policy for leased assets is consistent with that for depreciable assets that are owned. The leased assets cannot be depreciated over a period longer than lease term, unless the Group, according to the lease contract, obtains ownership at the end of the lease term.

Operating lease

Leases where the lessor retains all significant risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.16. Income tax

The Group companies are taxed individually, irrespective of the overall results of the Group. Income tax charge is based on profit for the year and considers deferred taxation. The charge for taxation included in these financial statements is based on the calculation made by the management in accordance with tax legislation of the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Estonia and the Republic of Poland.

The standard income tax rate in Lithuania is 15%, in the Republic of Latvia – 15%, in the Republic of Poland – 19%, in the Republic of Estonia – 0% (though dividends paid are taxable).

Starting from 1 January 2014 the tax loss carry forward that is deductible cannot exceed 70% of the current financial year taxable profit in Lithuania. Tax losses can be carried forward for indefinite period, except for the losses incurred as a result of disposal of securities and/or derivative financial instruments. Such carrying forward is disrupted if the company changes its activities due to which these losses were incurred except when the company does not continue its activities due to reasons which do not depend on the company itself. The losses from disposal of securities and/or derivative financial instruments can be carried forward for 5 consecutive years and only be used to reduce the taxable income earned from the transactions of the same nature.

Tax losses in the Republic of Latvia incurred in or before 2007 may be carried forward eight years. Tax losses incurred in 2008 and subsequent years may be carried forward indefinitely.

Tax losses in the Republic of Poland may be carried forward to the following five tax years to offset profits from all sources that are derived in those years. Up to 50% of the original loss may offset profits in any of the five tax years. Losses may not be carried back.

Deferred taxes are calculated using the liability method. Deferred taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled based on tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the date of the statement of financial position.

Deferred tax assets have been recognised in the statement of financial position to the extent the management believes it will be realised in the foreseeable future, based on taxable profit forecasts. If it is believed that part of the deferred tax is not going to be realised, this part of the deferred tax asset is not recognised in the financial statements.



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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.17. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the enterprise and the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably. Sales are recognised net of VAT and discounts.

Sale of electricity is recognised at the time of delivery, based on the value of the volume supplied. Physical electricity sales and purchase contracts are accounted for on accrual basis as they are contracted with the Group's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements.

Physical electricity sales and purchases are done through the power exchange (Nord Pool). The sales and purchases are netted on the Company and the Group level on an hourly basis and posted either as revenue or cost, according to whether the Company and the Group is a net seller or a net buyer during any particular hour.

Revenue from sales of produced electricity is recognised on accrual basis when transfer of risks and rewards has been completed.

Electricity grid services related income are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in net amount by applying the agent accounting principle as:

- The entity has not the primary responsibility for including electricity grid services into invoices issued to the customers:
- The entity has no latitude in establishing prices, either directly or indirectly.

Revenue from services is recognised when services are rendered.

Dividend income is recognised when the dividends are declared.

Interest income or expense are recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. It is included in finance income or expenses in the profit (loss).

2.18. Impairment of assets

Financial assets

Financial assets are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, whenever it is probable that the Company and the Group will not collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of loans or receivables, an impairment or bad debt loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The reversal of impairment losses previously recognised is recorded when the decrease in impairment loss can be justified by an event occurring after the write-down. Such reversal is recorded in the statement of comprehensive income. However, the increased carrying amount is only recognised to the extent it does not exceed the amortised cost that would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

Other assets (excluding goodwill)

Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the asset no longer exist or have decreased. The reversal is accounted for in the same caption of the statement of comprehensive income as the impairment loss.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2 Accounting policies (cont'd)

2.19. Use of judgments and estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingencies. The significant areas of estimation used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements relate to depreciation and amortisation (Notes 2.5, 2.6, 4 and 5), impairment evaluation of goodwill and licences, including allocation of Group assets to cash generating units (Notes 2.3 and 4), the net revenue presentation (Note 2.17). The management also made a judgement regarding the provision for the wind power plants dismantling, which was considered not material taking into account the passage of time and expected value of the metal scrap remaining. Future events may occur which will cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effect of any changes in estimates will be recorded in the financial statements, when determinable.

2.20. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements, except for contingent liabilities associated with business acquisitions. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow or economic benefits are probable.

2.21. Subsequent events

Subsequent events that provide additional information about the Group's and the Company's position at the date of statement of financial position (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Subsequent events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

3 Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on type of activities and has two reportable segments:

- Purchase and sales of electricity;
- Production and sales of electricity.

The segment of purchase and sales of electricity includes operations of UAB INTER RAO Lietuva, SIA INTER RAO Latvia, OU INTER RAO Eesti and Sp. z o.o. IRL Polska. The Group and the Company have entered into contracts for the purpose of the receipt and delivery of electricity in accordance with the entity's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements. Furthermore, the Group and the Company also perform trading sales of electricity on the power exchange.

The segment of production and sales of electricity includes operations of Vydmantai wind park, UAB. Electricity is produced by wind turbines and sold to AB Lietuvos energijos gamyba.

For management purposes, the Company is organized into a single business unit - purchase and sales of electricity, therefore this note does not include any disclosures on operating segments on the Company's level as they are the same as information provided by the Company in these financial statements.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit from operations in the consolidated financial statements.

Finance income and expenses are allocated to individual segments as the underlying instruments are managed for each separate segment separately.

Transfer prices between operating segments are based on the prices set by the management, which management considers being similar to transactions with third parties.

Operating Segments

The following tables present revenue, expenses, profit and certain asset and liability information regarding the reportable operating segments:

Group Year ended 31 December 2016	Electricity purchases and sales	Electricity production and sales	Total Segments	Adjustments and eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue					
External customers	173,974	4,906	178,880	-	178,880
Total revenue	173,974	4,906	178,880		178,880
Results					
Goodwill impairment		1,000	1,000		1,000
Depreciation and amortisation	141	2,338	2,479		2,479
Interest income		15	15	-	15
Interest expenses	89	649	738		738
Income tax expenses Share of loss of the joint	1,545	49	1,594	(3)	1,591
venture	*	*	-	(18)	(18)
Segment operating profit/profit from operations	10,265	674	10,939	-	10,939
Segment assets	24,054	27,576	51,630	74	51,704
Segment liabilities	16,368	15,111	31,479	1,202	32,681

Segment assets and liabilities are presented after elimination of intercompany assets and liabilities within the segment, which are eliminated on consolidation.

Other disclosures					
Interest in a joint venture		2	4	111	111
Capital expenditure	11	2			11

Capital expenditure consists of additions of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investment properties and assets from the acquisition of subsidiaries.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

3 Segment information (cont'd)

Group Year ended 31 December 2015	Electricity purchases and sales	Electricity production and sales	Total Segments	Adjustments and eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue					nanstanelana.
External customers	180,732	5,962	186,694		186,694
Total revenue	180,732	5,962	186,694		186,694
Results					
Goodwill impairment Depreciation and		*	95		25
amortisation	147	2,340	2,487		2,487
Interest income		23	23		23
Interest expenses	112	782	894		894
Income tax expenses	2,797	345	3,142	-	3,142
Share of loss of the joint venture		¥		2	2
Segment operating profit/profit from operations	20,079	2,719	22,798	*	22,798
Segment assets	35,585	32,100	67,685	-	67,685
Segment liabilities	20,844	18,660	39,504	3,183	42,687

Segment assets and liabilities are presented after elimination of intercompany assets and liabilities within the segment, which are eliminated on consolidation.

Other disclosures				
Interest in a joint venture		*	129	129
Capital expenditure	14	*	*	14

Capital expenditure consists of additions of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, investment properties and assets from the acquisition of subsidiaries.

Reconciliation of liabilities	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
Segment operating liabilities	31,479	39,504
Deferred tax liabilities	1,202	918
Current tax payable		2,265
Group total liabilities	32,681	42,687
Reconciliation of assets	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
Segment operating assets	51,630	67,685
Prepaid income tax	74	
Group total assets	51,704	67,685

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

3 Segment information (cont'd)

Geographical information

The following table presents the Group's and the Company's geographical information on revenue based on the location of the customers:

	Gro	Group		any
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Lithuania*	128,988	148,491	124,082	142,528
Latvia	8,089	12,078	210	5,207
Estonia**	25,990	14,607	13,662	8,629
Poland	14,835	10,372		
Russia	626	1,146	626	1,146
Scandinavia	352		352	
Total revenue	178,880	186,694	138,932	157,510

^{*}Includes also sales by Lithuanian company to the power exchange, present on the net basis.

Revenue from each single customer exceeding 10% of the Group's and the Company's revenue in 2016 amounted to EUR 38 million and EUR 23 million (2015: EUR 33 million, EUR 27 million and EUR 26 million). Revenue from each single customer exceeding 10% of the Group's electricity production and sales segment revenue in 2016 amounted to EUR 5 million (2015: EUR 6 million).

The major part of the Group's and Company's non-current assets is located in Lithuania. Non-current assets consist of property, plant and equipment, investment property, intangible assets, non-current financial and other assets.

4 Intangible assets

Group	Goodwill	Operating license	Other intangible assets	Total
Cost		77777		
Balance as at 31 December 2014	2,875	11,397	92	14,364
Additions		*	3	3
Balance as at 31 December 2015	2,875	11,397	95	14,367
Additions		-	2	-
Write-offs and disposals			(6)	(6)
Balance as at 31 December 2016	2,875	11,397	89	14,361
Accumulated amortization and impairment				
Balance as at 31 December 2014	1,159	4,139	9	5,307
Amortization for the period		1,213	30	1,243
Balance as at 31 December 2015	1,159	5,352	39	6,550
Amortization for the period		1,213	30	1,243
Write-offs and disposals			(6)	(6)
Impairment	1,000		*	1,000
Balance as at 31 December 2016	2,159	6,565	63	8,787
Net book value as at 31 December 2014	1,716	7,258	83	9,057
Net book value as at 31 December 2015	1,716	6,045	56	7,817
Net book value as at 31 December 2016	716	4,832	26	5,574

The above intangible assets were identified during the purchase price allocation as a result of the business combination in 2011, when the Company acquired wind power plant business operating under Vydmantai wind park UAB.

Operating license is a license to produce wind generated electricity with an embedded favourable fixed feed-in tariff applied until 2020 (the license itself has no validity term although the benefit associated is temporal).

Amortization expenses and impairment expenses of intangible assets are included into the general and administrative expenses caption in the statement of comprehensive income.



^{**}Represents trading sales on the power exchange.

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

4 Intangible assets (cont'd)

Goodwill and licences impairment

For the purpose of the impairment test, the goodwill and licences as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were allocated to the following cash generating unit (CGU) – wind energy generation and sales business unit – Vydmantai wind park, UAB.

The recoverable amount of the cash generating unit as at 31 December 2016 was determined based on the value in use calculation using discounted cash flow projections based on the 15 years (16 years in 2015) financial forecasts prepared by the management. The pre-tax discount rate of 9.5 % (post tax – 8.1%) in 2016 and 2015 was applied. Defined period forecast represents the estimated useful life of wind power plants, a fixed feed-in tariff was applied to forecast revenue until 2020 (inclusive), and the expected market price is applied starting 2021. The following significant assumptions were used for the assessment of the value in use in 2016 and 2015:

the quantity of electricity produced, which further depends on (i) the availability of wind turbines (it is expected that availability will not fluctuate significantly over the first half of the forecasted period and in the remaining period will decrease due to a normal wear and tear of the equipment, regular maintenance of which is performed) and (ii) the efficiency of wind turbines, depending on the wind speed (efficiency level in a long run is forecasted at the slightly lower than historical level due to a rather high level of unpredictability);

2) the electricity sales price - revenues are expected to remain rather stable until 2020 due to a feed-in tariff applied, which ensures the sales of electricity at a stable price, in the following years, electricity will be sold at market price, which is expected to be initially lower than the feed-in tariff and to increase over the period by 3% growth rate. Such forecasts are based on the Group's management estimate, since the Group is one of the most experienced players in this market and there is no reliable long-term external prognosis;

discount rate – based on the objective market, industry and specific for CGU circumstances.

As a result of the analysis above, the management recognised an additional goodwill impairment of EUR 1,000 thousand in 2016 (no impairment was recognised in 2015), mainly impacted by the more conservative approach on the electricity sales price forecast comparing to the year 2015 estimate. The goodwill impairment also was recognised in previous years and accumulated impairment balance is EUR 2,159 thousand as of 31 December 2016. Goodwill impairment may not be reversed in the future under any circumstances.

The management strongly believes that in the long run (considering historical trends) the availability and efficiency levels of turbines will impact the quantities of the generated electricity in the way that the quantities will be stable in the first half of the forecasted period and will gradually decrease in the remaining period due to natural ageing of equipment without other significant changes. Therefore sensitivity analysis for this element was not performed.

The discount rate is derived from weighted average cost of capital (post tax) – WACC (8.1% as at 31 December 2016 and 2015) and considering decreased level of interest rates in world markets, it is not expected to change significantly in the near future, therefore sensitivity analysis was not performed.

Electricity price cannot be forecasted accurately at the moment, however, if more conservative approach would be used, i.e. the prices of electricity starting 2021 would be changed to the average price of the past two years (2015 – 2016) inflated using forecasted long term inflation rate and starting 2022 would be increased by 1.5% each year through the remaining period of the forecast and all the rest of the assumptions remained constant, an additional impairment of goodwill of EUR 600 thousand would occur at the end of 2016.

At the time of preparing these financial statements the management of the Group did not expect any significant changes in the assumptions used, including the electricity prices, within the next 12 months of the date of the statement of financial position.



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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

5 Property, plant and equipment

Movement of property, plant and equipment in 2016 and 2015 is presented below:

Group	Land*	Buildings and structures	Office premises	Machinery and equipment	Other property plant and equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance as at 31 December 2014	873	3,850	1,132	21,424	147	27,426
Additions			-	-	11	11
Write-offs and disposals					(19)	(19)
Balance as at 31 December 2015	873	3,850	1,132	21,424	139	27,418
Additions	-		-	-	11	11
Write-offs and disposals			-		(41)	(41)
Balance as at 31 December 2016	873	3,850	1,132	21,424	109	27,388
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at 31 December 2014	136	629	208	3,375	69	4,417
Depreciation for the period	41	166	75	917	33	- 700000
Write-offs and disposals			,,,	217	(19)	1,232
Balance as at 31 December 2015	177	795	283	4,292	83	(19)
Depreciation for the period	42	164	76	918	25	5,630 1,225
Write-offs and disposals					(41)	(41)
Balance as at 31 December 2016	219	959	359	5,210	67	6,814
Net book value as at 31 December 2014	737	3,221	924	18,049	78	23,009
Net book value as at 31 December 2015	696	3,055	849	17,132	56	21,788
Net book value as at 31 December 2016	654	2,891	773	16,214	42	20,574

[&]quot;Land balance represents capitalised financial land lease.



5 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Company	Office premises	Other property plant and equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance as at 31 December 2014	1,132	122	1,254
Additions	*	11	11
Write-offs and disposals		(17)	(17)
Balance as at 31 December 2015	1,132	116	1,248
Additions		8	8
Write-offs and disposals		(41)	(41)
Balance as at 31 December 2016	1,132	83	1,215
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 31 December 2014	207	52	259
Depreciation for the period	76	30	106
Write-offs and disposals	- E	(17)	(17)
Balance as at 31 December 2015	283	65	348
Depreciation for the period	76	25	101
Write-offs and disposals		(41)	(41)
Bafance as at 31 December 2016	359	49	408
Net book value as at 31 December 2014	925	70	995
Net book value as at 31 December 2015	849	51	900
Net book value as at 31 December 2016	773	34	807

The depreciation charge of the Group's and the Company's property, plant and equipment for the year 2016 amounts to EUR 1,225 thousand and EUR 101 thousand, respectively (EUR 1,232 thousand and EUR 106 thousand in the year 2015, respectively). These amounts are included into the general and administrative expenses in the statement of comprehensive income except for the amount of EUR 1,123 thousand in 2016 (EUR 1,125 thousand in 2015), which is included in the cost of sales in the Group's statement of comprehensive income.

Land was leased under finance lease agreements (Note 13) in 2016 and 2015. In 2013 the lease contract of buildings and structures was refinanced by a long term loan and buildings and structures, machinery and equipment of the subsidiary Vydmantai wind park UAB are pledged to the bank to secure the loans received by the Group.

There were no material fully depreciated property, plant and equipment in the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

6 Interest in a joint venture

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company has a 49.99% interest in UAB Alproka, a jointly controlled entity, which is engaged in the development of real estate projects (also see Note 1).

UAB Alproka is a private entity, not listed. The following table illustrates summarized financial information (unaudited) of the Group's investment into UAB Alproka, which is accounted for using the equity method:

Joint venture's statement of financial position	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Current assets	233	262
Non-current assets	4	12
Current liabilities	(14)	(15)
Non-current liabilities		2.40
Equity	223	259
Share of joint venture's equity	111	129
Joint venture's revenue and profit		
Revenue	83	118
Profit (loss)	(36)	3

7 Other non-current financial assets

Group Company	Gro
per December December December	As at 31 December 2016
- 1,000	4
44 17	s 44
* * * * *	s -
39 41 39 41	stments39
83 1,058 39 41	83
39 41 39	stments39

As at 31 December 2015 other non-current assets of the Group comprise two 4% and 0.45% annual interest deposits in equal amounts of EUR 500 thousand in Swedbank AB. Monthly deposits with automatic extension are placed since 2016 and accounted for in current assets. Deposits are mandatory guarantee under the credit agreement, which is disclosed under Note 12.

8 Trade receivables

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Group's and the Company's trade receivables consisted of receivables for supplied electricity.

e and the distriction of the state of the second of the se	Gr	Group		y
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Trade receivables, gross Less; allowance for doubtful trade	12,936	15,261	10,054	13,190
receivables	(11)	(9)	(4)	(9)
	12,925	15,252	10,050	13,181

Decrease in trade receivables in 2016 is mainly related to decreased sales comparing to prior year.

The Group and the Company as at 31 December 2016 had EUR 11 thousand and EUR 4 thousand, respectively, of doubtful receivables (EUR 9 thousand as at 31 December 2015).

There were no significant past due trade receivables as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 in the Group and in the Company.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally collectible on 2-30 days terms.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

9 Accrued income and other receivables

As at 31 December 2016 the other receivables of the Group mainly consisted of accrued income amounting to EUR 1,264 thousand (2015 - EUR 782 thousand), which represent earned but not invoiced electricity sales revenues.

There were no past due other receivables of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

	Gr	Group		npany
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Cash at bank	7,211	19,755	5,681	15,707
	7,211	19,755	5,681	15,707

The significant decrease in Group's and Company's cash at bank is mainly related to dividends paid.

11 Reserves

Legal reserve

Legal reserve is a compulsory reserve under the Lithuanian legislation. Annual transfers of not less than 5% of net profit are compulsory until the reserve reaches 10% of the share capital.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company's legal reserve was fully formed.

In 2016 the Company's subsidiary Vydmantai wind park, UAB made a transfer to legal reserve in the amount of EUR 79 thousand (in 2015 - 34 thousand).

Cash flow hedge reserve

This reserve represents the effective part of the change in fair value of the derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps and electricity forward contracts), used by the Group and the Company to secure the cash flows from interest rate and electricity price change risk, at the reporting date. The reserve is accounted for according to the requirements of IAS 39 (Note 14).



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

12 Borrowings

As at 31 December the financial debts consist of:

	Gr	Group		npany
e e	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Non-current borrowings	10,450	13,750		310
Current portion of non-current borrowings	3,300	3,300		
Other current financial debts (a)	1,251	6,297	1,251	6,297
	15,001	23,347	1,251	6,297

Vydmantai wind park, UAB has loan agreement with Swedbank AB, according to which all land lease rights, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment and 100 % of Vydmantai wind park, UAB shares are pledged, Interest rate applied is 6 months EURIBOR + 2.45 %. The loan is denominated in EUR and the final repayment date is 30 June 2020.

(a) The Company entered into loan agreements with the shareholders RAO Nordic Oy and UAB Scaent Baltic in 2016 and in 2015. The loans which were outstanding as at 31 December 2015 were repaid in 2016 and new loans withdrawn in 2016. The interest rates are equal to average interest rate of loans by commercial banks of the Republic of Finland granted to new business (non-financial corporations) over 1 million EUR. The loans are denominated in EUR and the final repayment date is 31 March 2017. Interest rate applicable as at 31 December 2016 was 1.8% (1.9% as at 31 December 2015).

Future loan payments under the above mentioned loan contracts as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	Gr	Group		npany
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Within one year	4,551	9,597	1,251	6,297
From one to five years	10,450	13,750		14.7
After five years	4		- 4	
Total borrowings	15,001	23,347	1,251	6,297



13 Financial lease

The Group leases land under financial lease contracts with the net book value of EUR 654 thousand as at 31 December 2016 (EUR 696 thousand as at 31 December 2015). The contractual lease terms are diverse, but for the financial reporting purpose, the judgmental period of 20 years from the inception date (representing usage of wind farm) was used by the management. The interest rate applied is 4.8%.

Future minimal lease payments under the above mentioned financial lease contracts as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

70 279	70
270	
218	279
685	754
1,034	1,103
(308)) (343)
726	760
35	33
691	727
	1,034 (308 726

Financial lease obligations are denominated in EUR.

14 Derivative financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Derivative financial instruments, non-current part – assets (hedge)			18	232
Derivative financial instruments, current part - assets (hedge)	245		245	578
Derivative financial instruments, current part - assets (non-hedge)	594		594	- 5
Accounts receivable for derivative financial instruments	790		798	72
Derivative financial instruments, non-current part - liabilities (hedge)	(216)	(533)	(10)	(205)
Derivative financial instruments, current part - liabilities (hedge)	(257)	(823)	(111)	(522)
Accounts payable for derivative financial instruments	(18)	(42)	(18)	(42)
Total derivative financial instruments	1,138	(1,398)	1,516	113

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Group's company Vydmantai wind park, UAB had an interest rate swap agreement for purpose of future cash flow hedge. On 29 June 2012 the Group has concluded interest rate swap agreement for the period from 17 July 2012 to 17 October 2020. The Group's company pays a fixed interest rate at 1.65 % and receives a floating interest rate at 6-month EURIBOR on a notional amount set in the agreement. The notional amount of the transaction is EUR 23,300 thousand and is amortised over the period of validity of the derivative. The interest rate swap is being used to hedge the exposure to changes in the market based rates and to secure the cash flows for the loan (Note 12).

In 2016 and 2015 the Group's companies AB INTER RAO LIETUVA and OU INTER RAO Eesti signed electricity forward contacts for the purposes of future cash flow hedge. The forward contracts are for 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 years.

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is measured by management at each reporting date. The change in fair value of the effective part of interest rate swap and electricity forward contracts is recognised in other comprehensive income and the change in fair value of the non-effective part of interest rate swap and electricity forward contracts as well as change in fair value or hedging result of other derivative financial instruments not designated as hedge are recognised directly in finance income (costs) in the statement of comprehensive income.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

14 Derivative financial instruments (cont'd)

The fair values of interest rate swap contract designated to hedge interest rate risk and electricity forward contracts of the Group are presented below:

		As at 31 December 2016						
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities				
Interest rate swap contract Fair value (level 2)		462	-	629				
Electricity forward contracts Fair value (level 1)	839	11	-	727				

The fair values of electricity forward contract of the Company are presented below:

	As at 31 December 2016		As at Decembe	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Electricity forward contracts Fair value (level 1)	857	121	810	727

The following table summarizes amounts recognised in other comprehensive income during the period and in the finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income:

Group		Company		
As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	
167	170			
1,555	(809)	653	34	
594		594		
	(1)		(3)	
167	169			
			1000	
961	(807)	2000	37	
(169)	85	(9)	(12)	
	As at 31 December 2016 167 1,555	As at 31 December 2016 167 170 1,555 (809) 594 - (1) 167 169 961 (807)	As at 31 December 2016 167 170 - 1,555 (809) 653 594 - (1) - 167 169 - 961 (807) 58	

15 Trade payables

Group		Compa	any
As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
12,011	10,946	11,978	10,923
222	162	160	131
12,233	11,108	12,138	11,054
	As at 31 December 2016 12,011 222	As at 31 As at 31 December 2016 December 2015 12,011 10,946 222 162	As at 31 As at 31 December December 2016 2015 2016 12,011 10,946 11,978 222 162 160

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 20-day terms.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

16 Other current liabilities

	Gro	Group		Group Compar		pany
	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015		
VAT payable	2,134	2,456	1,596	1,999		
Employment related liabilities	215	200	186	162		
Other current liabilities	473	137	55	54		
	2,822	2,793	1,837	2,215		

17 Sales

	Group		Compa	any
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue from sales of electricity	173,974	180,732	138,932	157,510
Revenue from produced electricity sales	4,903	5,957		
Other sales revenue	3	5		
	178,880	186,694	138,932	157,510

The decrease in revenue of the Group and the Company comparing to 2015 is mostly due to decrease in electricity prices.

18 Cost of sales

	Group		Comp	any
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Cost of purchase of electricity*	156,436	153,232	122,161	131,434
Transmission network service cost	1,705	2,067	1,705	2,067
Depreciation on wind park	1,081	1,084	*	
Other expenses**	715	709	4	9
	159,937	157,092	123,866	133,501

^{*} Cost of purchased electricity also includes the fees paid during the year and accrued as at the balance sheet date for not acquired agreed quantity of electricity.

** Other expenses mainly comprise maintenance of wind park and land lease amortisation.

The decrease in cost of sales of the Company comparing to 2015 is mostly due to decrease in electricity prices.



19 General and administrative expenses

	Grou	Group		any
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Wages, salaries and social security	2,542	2,357	2,049	1,890
Depreciation and amortization	1,356	1,362	141	147
Support (charity)	1,146	1,172	1,130	1,150
Electricity selling expenses	275	331	275	286
Consulting services expenses	361	388	188	199
Transport expenses	306	312	295	303
Goodwill impairment loss (Note 4)	1,000		-	28
Professional services expenses	374	287	338	287
Business trips	48	78	48	77
Repair and maintenance	35	34	31	30
Tax expenses	67	64	47	46
Bank services	20	19	16	15
Rent	46	46	9	5
Trainings and seminars	23	16	23	16
Representation expenses	65	61	63	58
Other general and administrative expenses	340	277	248	203
	8,004	6,804	4,901	4,712

20 Finance income and expenses

	Grou	Jp qu	Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Finance income				
Fair value change of derivatives not designated as				
hedging instruments	594		594	
Dividends income	2	-	1,000	70
Other	63	35	38	5
	657	35	1,632	75
Finance expenses				
Interest expenses	738	894	89	112
Investment impairment expenses	*		-	455
Other	2	6	4	2
	740	900	93	569

21 Income tax

	Grou	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
*					
Components of income tax expenses					
Current year income tax expenses	1,476	2,972	1,455	2,806	
Deferred income tax expenses (benefit)	115	170	89	(111)	
Income tax expenses charged to statement of comprehensive income	1,591	3,142	1,544	2,695	



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

21 Income tax (cont'd)

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120

9

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the deferred income tax asset and liability was accounted for at 15 % and consisted of:

Group		As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Deferred income tax asset		223000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Tax deductible goodwill recognized			
upon merger including impairment	a)	1,379	1,358
Electricity derivative contracts			109
Cash flow hedge		40	65
Less: valuation allowance		*	
Deferred income tax asset, net of valuation allowance		1,419	1,532
Deferred income tax liability			
Equity method		(17)	(20)
Intangible assets	b)	(725)	(907)
Electricity derivative contracts	V7.#.	(124)	
Depreciation differences		(1,755)	(1,523)
Deferred income tax liability		(2,621)	(2,450)
Deferred income tax, net		(1,202)	(918)
Presented in the statement of financial po-	sition as follows:		
Deferred income tax asset		2	
Deferred income tax liability		(1,202)	(918)
Company		As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
Deferred income tax asset			
Impairment of investment in joint			
venture		111	111
Electricity derivative contracts		18	109
Less: valuation allowance			
Deferred income tax asset, net of valuation allowance		129	220
Deferred income tax liability			
Electricity derivative contracts		(128)	(121)
Deferred income tax liability		(128)	(121)
Deferred income tax, net		1	99
Presented in the statement of financial po-	sition as follows:		
Presented in the statement of financial po- Deferred income tax asset	sition as follows:	1	99

a) As a result of the merger of Vydmantai wind park, UAB and UAB IRL Wind in 2013 in accordance with tax legislation the Group company Vydmantai wind park, UAB qualifies for recognition of tax deductible goodwill, which may be amortized per 15 years starting the merger date, the amount of such goodwill was estimated as EUR 12,477 thousand. Difference between the tax and financial goodwill created a deferred tax asset (which was assessed as recoverable) in the amount of EUR 1,614 thousand which was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income upon merger. The change represents amortisation of tax goodwill during 2016 and impact of financial goodwill impairment accounted for during 2016.

b) Due to intangible assets (related to Vydmantai wind park, UAB) identified during the acquisition, a deferred income tax liability amounting to EUR 1,729 thousand was recognized. The decrease in deferred income tax liability in 2016 comparing to 2015 represents the amortisation of the related intangible assets during 2016.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

21 Income tax (cont'd)

The changes of temporary differences before and after tax effect in the Group were as follows:

Group	Balance as at 31 December 2015	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in profit or loss	Balance as at 31 December 2016
Equity method	(129)		18	(111)
Electricity derivative contracts	727	(961)	(594)	(828)
Intangible assets	(6,045)	******	1,213	(4,832)
Tax deductible goodwill recognized upon merger	9,050		144	9,194
Depreciation differences	(10,151)		(1,546)	(11,697)
Cash flow hedge	430	(167)	(.,,,	263
Total temporary differences	(6,118)		(765)	(8,011)
Deferred income tax, net	(918)	(169)	(115)	(1,202)
Group	Balance as at 31 December 2014	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in profit or loss	Balance as at 31 December 2015
Equity method	(195)	g <u>#</u>	66	(129)
Electricity derivative contracts	,	807	(80)	727
Intangible assets	(7,258)		1,213	(6,045)
Tax deductible goodwill recognized upon merger			(856)	9,050
Depreciation differences	(8,605)		(1,546)	(10,151)
Cash flow hedge	599		Michaelet -	430
Total temporary differences	(5,553)	638	(1,203)	(6,118)
Deferred income tax, net	(833)	85	(170)	(918)

The reported amount of income tax expenses attributable to the year can be reconciled to the amount of income tax expenses that would result from applying statutory income tax rate to pre-tax income as follows:

	Group		Comp	any
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Profit (loss) before tax	10,847	21,961	11,721	18,815
Income tax expenses computed at 15% in 2016 and 2015	1,627	3,294	1,758	2,822
Deferred income tax assets previously not recognized				(43)
Permanent differences	(36)	(152)	(214)	(84)
Income tax expenses charged to statement of comprehensive income	1,591	3,142	1,544	2,695

The amount of deferred asset not recognized in financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2016 is EUR 84 thousand (EUR 94 as at 31 December 2015) and it has no expiry date.



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AB INTER RAO LIETUVA, company code 126119913, A.Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

22 Basic and diluted earnings per share (EUR)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to the shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares issued and paid during the year. The Group has no diluting instruments; therefore, basic and diluted earnings per share are equal.

Calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is presented below:

	Calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is presented below.		
	Group	2016	2015
	Net profit attributable to the shareholders	9,256,000	18,819,000
	Number of shares, opening balance	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Number of shares, closing balance	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Weighted average number of shares	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Basic and diluted earnings per share (EUR)	0.46	0.94
23	Dividends per share (EUR)	2016	2015
	Company	2010	2015
	Approved dividends (EUR)*	16,100,000	11,200,000
	Number of shares (units)**	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Approved dividends per share (EUR)	0.81	0.56

^{*} The year when the dividends are approved.

24 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management

Credit risk

The Group and the Company has a fairly significant concentration of trading counterparties. Trade receivables from the main three customers of the Group and the Company amounted to approximately 1/3 of the total Group's and Company's trade receivables as at 31 December 2016 (1/2 of the total Group's and Company's trade receivables as at 31 December 2015). The Group's and the Company's procedures are in force to ensure on a permanent basis that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history, which mainly are the state owned and financially stable private entities, and the majority of transactions is carried out through the market intermediary - electricity exchange Nord Pool.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset. Therefore, the Group's and the Company's management considers that its maximum exposure is reflected by the amount of trade receivables and other financial assets less realisation allowance, recognised at the reporting date, if any.

Interest rate risk

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Group had borrowings which were subject to variable rates related to EURIBOR and created interest rate risk (Note 12).

As at 31 December 2016 the Group manages its interest rate risk by having entered into an interest rate swap contract, in which the Group agrees to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable rate interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount (Note 14). Since 17 July 2012, the Group's loan turned to be with fixed interest (hedged by interest rate swap), therefore the Group does not face interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Group had material financial lease obligations with fixed interest rates; therefore, they did not create interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

The Group's and the Company's policy is to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents or have available funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its commitments at a given date in accordance with its strategic plans. The Group's liquidity (current assets / current liabilities) and quick ((current assets – inventory) / current liabilities) ratios as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were 1.25 and 1.37, respectively. The Company's liquidity (current assets / current liabilities) and quick ((current assets – inventory) / current liabilities) ratios as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were 1.31 and 1.46 respectively.



^{**} At the date when dividends are approved.

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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

24 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management (cont'd)

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015, based on contractual undiscounted payments:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-current interest bearing borrowings and financial lease obligations		929	3,940	10,963	534	16,366
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities)		82	193	216	12	491
Trade payables	3.5	12,233	+	-	- 1	12,233
Other current liabilities		473		*		473
Balance as at 31 December 2016		13,717	4,133	11,179	534	29,563
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-current interest bearing borrowings and financial lease obligations		953	9,075	14,571	577	25,176
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities)		118	731	549		1,398
Trade payables		11,108	751	545		11,108
Other current liabilities	-	137	-			137
Balance as at 31 December 2015		12,316	9,806	15,120	10:000	37,819

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
		1,255	-	*	1,255
	12,138	-			12,138
*	46	83	10	-	139
	55	-			55
	12,239	1,338	10	-	13,587
	demand - - -	demand 3 months - 12,138 - 46 - 55	demand 3 months months - 1,255 - 12,138 46 83 - 55 -	demand 3 months months years - - 1,255 - - 12,138 - - - 46 83 10 - 55 - -	demand 3 months months years 5 years - - 1,255 - - - 12,138 - - - - 46 83 10 - - 55 - - -

On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	-	6,320			6,320
0	11,054	*			11,054
	000070900				111111111111111111111111111111111111111
-	173	391	205	~	769
-	97	*		×:	97
	11,324	6,711	205		18,240
	demand	demand 3 months - 11,054 - 173 - 97	demand 3 months months 6,320 - 11,054 - 173 391 - 97 -	demand 3 months months years 6,320	demand 3 months months years 5 years - - 6,320 - - - 11,054 - - - - 173 391 205 - - 97 - - -

Foreign exchange risk

Import and export activities expose the Group and the Company to foreign exchange risk. The Group and the Company is not using financial instruments intended to control the risk of foreign exchange except for focusing on trade in the euro; therefore, the Group and the Company is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

24 Financial assets and liabilities and risk management (cont'd)

Fair value of financial instruments

The Group's and the Company's principal financial instruments not carried at fair value are trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, non-current and current borrowings and financial lease.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

 (a) The carrying amount of current trade and other accounts receivable, current accounts payable and current borrowings approximates fair value;

(b) The fair value of non-current borrowings is based on the quoted market price for the similar issues or on the current rates available for borrowings with the same maturity profile (level 2). The fair value of non-current borrowings with variable interest rates approximates their carrying amounts.

Fair value of the Group's derivative financial instrument (interest rate swap) is defined as level 2 (Note 14), while fair value of electricity forwards in the Group and the Company is defined as level 2 (Note 14). The interest rate swap is valued using discounted cash flow or present value calculation method and pricing is based on market observable inputs. Electricity forward value is based on market value.

There were no movements of financial instruments between the levels during 2016 and 2015.

25 Capital management

The Group's and Company's capital consists of share capital in the amount of EUR 5.8 million, retained earnings and legal reserve. The Group and the Company manages its business in such a way which allows avoiding significant increases in working capital requirements. This is achieved primarily through the thorough management of payment dates for electricity purchased from suppliers and sold to the clients. The Group and the Company aims to maintain the longest possible gap between the dates when it receives the payment for the electricity sold and is obliged to pay for the electricity purchased. In cases when the Group or the Company forecasts possible increase in the level of required working capital it always has a possibility to take a credit line from the bank (this option has been discussed with the bank and it is possible to open a required credit line within the term of 1 month). All the excessive cash is deposited in the bank accounts and gains overnight interests pre-agreed with bank.

In addition, companies registered in Lithuania are obliged to upkeep their equity at not less than 50 % of share capital, as imposed by the Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania. As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company was in line with this regulation. There were no other externally imposed capital requirements on the Company and the Group.

Group companies registered in Latvia are obliged to keep its equity at no less than zero, as imposed by the Law on Companies of the Republic of Latvia. The Group's subsidiary SIA INTER RAO Latvia did not comply with this requirement as at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015. The Group's management does not expect any negative consequences to the Group and believes that the losses will be covered from SIA INTER RAO Latvia future profit from operations.

Group companies registered in Estonia are obliged to upkeep their equity at not less than 50 % of share capital, as imposed by the Law on Companies of the Republic of Estonia. The Group's subsidiary OU INTER RAO Eesti was in compliance with the above obligation as of 31 December 2016, however, did not comply with this requirement as at 31 December 2015.

26 Related party transactions

Parties are considered related when one party has the possibility to control the other one or have significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. The related parties of the Group are as follows:

PJSC Inter RAO (ultimate parent);
RAO Nordic Oy (one of the shareholders);
UAB Scaent Baltic (one of the shareholders);
SIA INTER RAO Latvia (subsidiary);
OU INTER RAO Eesti (subsidiary);
Sp z o.o. IRL Polska (subsidiary);
Vydmantai wind park, UAB (subsidiary);
UAB Alproka (joint venture);
Other related parties include:
UAB Scaent Baltic Group companies (the same shareholder);
Other shareholders;
Management.



(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

26 Related party transactions (cont'd)

2016				Declared			
Group		Purchases	Sales	dividends/(rece	ived)	Receivables	Payables
PJSC Inter RAO	a)	104,100	£	381		88	11,651
Oy RAO Nordic	b)	388			3,211	91	816
UAB Scaent Baltic	c)	32			1,669	1100 A	453
Other related parties	d)	66			2,737		7
		104,586			,617	179	12,927
2015				Declared			
Group	-	Purchases	Sales	dividends/(rece	ived)	Receivables	Payables
PJSC Inter RAO	a)	112,800	1.3	146	1	99	10,341
Oy RAO Nordic	b)	391			,712	-	4,640
UAB Scaent Baltic	c)	41			3,248		2,287
UAB Alproka					(68)		£,607
Other related parties	d)	65			,904		6
	-	113,297	1,	CONTRACTOR (1997)	,796	99	17,274
2016				Declared		ceivables and	
Company		Purchases	Sales	dividends/(received	f) p	prepayments	Payables
PJSC Inter RAO	a)	104,100	681		7.	88	11,651
Oy RAO Nordic	b)	388		8,21	1	91	816
UAB Scaent Baltic	c)	32		4,66	9		453
SIA INTER RAO Latvia	e)	14	211		-	1,434	
OU INTER RAO Eesti Vydmantai wind park,	e)		148		-	851	84
UAB		- 9	19	(1,000)	2	-
Other related parties	d)	66		2,73			7
		104,586	1,059	14,61	7	2,466	13,011
2015		Purchases	Sales	Declared dividends/(received		ceivables and repayments	Payables
Company				A		- III-	
PJSC Inter RAO	a)	112,800	1,146			99	10,341
Oy RAO Nordic	b)	391		5,71	2		4,640
UAB Scaent Baltic	c)	41		3,24	В		2,287
UAB Alproka				(6	B)	-	39
SIA INTER RAO Latvia	e)		5,207	7	-	2,209	-
OU INTER RAO Eesti Vydmantai wind park,	e)	*	441			633	
UAB			19		- "	2	19
Other related parties	d)	65	-	1,90	4	(F)	6
		113,297	6,813	10,79	6	2,943	17,274



AB INTER RAO LIETUVA, company code 126119913, A.Tumèno str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

26 Related party transactions (cont'd)

- The Group and the Company performs electricity purchase and sales transactions with PJSC Inter RAO.
- The main part of the payables to Oy RAO Nordic in 2016 and 2015 consists of the loan (Note 12).
- The main part of the payables to UAB Scaent Baltic in 2016 and 2015 consists of the loan (Note 12).
- d) In 2016 and 2015 the Company paid dividends to other shareholders.
- Transactions with subsidiaries mainly represents assistance in electricity prices hedging and trading through power exchange, as well as short term working capital support.

The Company has an agreement with PJSC Inter RAO, according to which the Company is obliged to buy certain minimum amount of electricity in 2017.

Payables and receivables between related parties are non-interest bearing. Receivables and payables payment terms between the related parties are up to 15-30 days, except for the dividends and loans, which are repaid in accordance to the legal or contractual requirements, respectively.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash, unless agreed otherwise. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivable or payable and no allowance has been made for the receivables from related parties by the Group and by the Company. The balances outstanding with related parties of the Group and the Company were not overdue as at 31 December 2016 and 2015.

Management remuneration and other benefits

The Group's management includes each of the Group companies managing director, deputy director and director of commerce. Amounts of salaries and bonuses calculated during the years 2016 and 2015 for the management of the Group were as follows: EUR 566 thousand and EUR 556 thousand, respectively.

The Company's management includes managing director, deputy director and director of commerce. Amounts of salaries and bonuses calculated during the years 2016 and 2015 for the management of the Company were as follows: EUR 482 thousand, and EUR 472 thousand, respectively.

No other guarantees were issued to the Group's and Company's management and no other amounts were paid or calculated and no assets were disposed of.

27 Non-monetary transactions

In April 2016 the general shareholders meeting decided to pay EUR 16,100 thousand dividends to the shareholders. EUR 12,880 thousand dividends payable were accounted for as loans payable to Oy RAO Nordic and UAB Scaent Baltic, part of which was repaid during 2016 (Note 12).

In April 2015 the general shareholders meeting decided to pay EUR 11,200 thousand dividends to the shareholders. EUR 8,960 thousand dividends payable were accounted for as loans payable to Oy RAO Nordic and UAB Scaent Baltic, part of which was repaid during 2015 (Note 12).

During 2015 the following amount of Group's income tax were set off against other taxes: EUR 190 thousand.

28 Subsequent events

There were no subsequent events, which could materially influence the financial statements for the year ended as of 31 December 2016.



General Information

Reporting period Year ended 31st December 2016

Company and its contact details

Company name Company code Legal form

AB INTER RAO Lietuva (hereinafter - IRL or "the Company")

126119913

Date of registration

Public company (joint-stock company)

21st December 2002

Name of register of Legal Entities

State Enterprise Centre of Registers

Registered office A. Tumeno str. 4, Telephone number +370 5 242 11 21

A. Tumeno str. 4, block B, LT-01109 Vilnius

Telephone number Fax number

+370 5 242 11 22

E-mail Internet address

info@interrao.lt www.interrao.lt

Main activities of the Group of INTER RAO Lietuva

The Group of INTER RAO Lietuva (hereinafter - "the Group") is an independent supplier of electricity and, as such, may engage in various forms of electricity trading. Moreover, the Group is also present in electricity generation operations, as it owns a wind farm in Western Lithuania.

The Group is engaged in various forms of electricity trading: the purchase and sale of electricity under bilateral contracts with other electricity suppliers, as well as on the power exchange; supply of electricity to end-users; provision of balancing services for end-users and other wholesalers of electricity; sale and purchase of regulating and balancing electricity for the transmission system operators; cross-border electricity trading.

The Group has permission to import and export electricity to and from Lithuania, it is engaged in the import of electricity from Russia and, to a lesser extent, from Belarus, as well as in export to these countries. The Group is also active in cross-border electricity trading between Lithuania and other EU Member States, namely Latvia and Estonia.

The Group sells all of the electricity it cross-borders from the third countries to the Lithuanian internal market on the power exchange since, in accordance with respective regulations, all electricity cross-border delivered to the Lithuanian internal electricity market has to be sold on the power exchange. Then the Group buys the electricity on the power exchange in a volume corresponding to its contractual obligations with clients. Sale and purchase orders are submitted for the same prices and trades are executed at the market price. Some portion of electricity is also sold through Nord Pool AS in Lithuania to other market participants. Trades on the power exchange are executed at the market price.

The price of electricity sold under bilateral contacts is the market price, adjusted for variances depending on the electricity trading or consumption pattern of the customer and contractual arrangements (e.g., fixed on annual or monthly basis or agreed in daily delivery schedules).

Apart from importing electricity, the Group also purchases the electricity from other wholesalers of electricity in Lithuania and Latvia under bilateral contracts based on various pricing arrangements, as well as on Nord Pool AS in Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia.

The Group is also present in the electricity trading market in Poland, where it started its operations in 2014 and is involved in buying and selling electricity on the Polish Power Exchange.

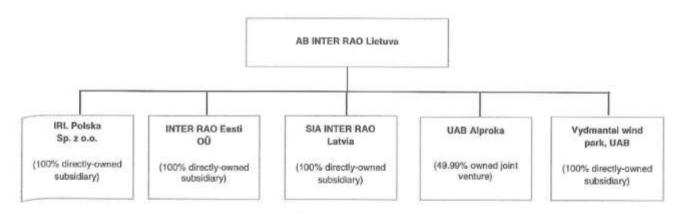


The Group structure

As on 31st December 2016, the Group consisted of the Company and the following directly controlled subsidiaries and joint venture (hereinafter - the Group):

Company	Company	Directly and indirectly held effective attributable interest	Equity as at 31st December 2016	Registration address	Activity
INTER RAO Eesti Oü - subsidiary	11879805	100%	467	Peterburi tee 47, Tallinn, Estonia	Trade of electricity
SIA INTER RAO Latvia - subsidiary	40103268639	100%	(534)	76 Gustava Zemgala Ave., Riga, Latvia	Trade of electricity
IRL Polska Sp. z o.o subsidiary	0000436992	100%	1,895	Twarda 18, 00-105, Warsaw, Poland	Trade of electricity
UAB Alproka - joint venture	125281684	49,99%	223	Verkių Str. 25C, Vilnius, Lithuania	Operations with real estate
Vydmantai Wind Park, UAB - subsidiary	302666616	100%	11,434	A.Tumėno 5tr. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania	Generation of electricity

The following chart sets out the Group' subsidiaries and interest in those subsidiaries, as well as the structure of the Group:





AB INTER RAO LIETUVA, Company code 126119913, A.Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE 12 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 December 2016 (all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

The Group	history and	development
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2002	The Company was incorporated as UAB Energijos realizacijos centras.
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2003 The Company received its license as independent electricity supplier with permission to export

electricity.

The Company signed sale-purchase agreements with INTER RAO UES and Lietuvos energija AB.

The Company began electricity trading activities by exporting electricity to Russia and Belarus.

2004 Permission to import electricity was granted to the Company.

2005 The Company began importing electricity to Lithuania.

RAO Nordic OY, a wholly owned subsidiary of INTER RAO UES, acquired 18% of the Company's share

capital from UAB VB rizikos kapitalo valdymas.

2006 The Company acquired a 49.99% stake in UAB Alproka, a company engaged in real estate

development in the Lithuanian seaside resort of Palanga.

2007 UAB Scaent Baltic acquired an 82% stake in the Company's share capital from Scaent Holdings

Cooperatie UA and Bengtsbädd Förvaltning AB.

2008 RAO Nordic OY increased its shareholding in the Company by acquiring a 33% stake from UAB

Scaent Baltic. The stake of RAO Nordic OY in the Company's share capital reaches 51%, while the

stake of UAB Scaent Baltic decreases to 49%.

2009 The Company signed electricity sale-purchase agreements with the Belarusian company,

Belenergo and the Latvian company, Latvenergo.

Cooperation regarding the sale of electricity with the largest electricity consumer in the Baltic

States, Orlen Lietuva, was established. Delivery was initiated in 2010.

The Company changed its name to UAB INTER RAO Lietuva.

2010 The Company established two wholly-owned subsidiaries, one in Latvia (SIA INTER RAO Latvia) and

the second in Estonia (INTER RAO Eesti OU).

SIA INTER RAO Latvia received its license for electricity trading in Latvia.

2011 SIA INTER RAO Latvia begins electricity trading operations.

The Company begins trading activities in the Estonian area of NordPool Spot.

The Company established a subsidiary UAB IRL Wind and in the same year UAB IRL Wind acquired

the wind park in Vydmantai.

The Company begins operations in electricity generation from renewable energy sources by

acquiring the wind park in Vydmantai.

The Company signs an agreement with INTER RAO UES on potential export of electricity generated

in Baltiiskaya NPP under construction in Kaliningrad Oblast.

2012 Decision on public offering and listing of the Company's shares on the Warsaw Stock Exchange was

made.

Business entity (IRL POLSKA sp. z o.o.) in Poland was established.



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AB INTER RAO LIETUVA, Company code 126119913, A.Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius, Lithuania CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE 12 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 December 2016

(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

2013 AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders decided to distribute 27 million Litas as dividends.

In July 2013, the Company has completed a merger of its two subsidiary companies UAB IRL Wind and Vydmantai wind park, UAB. Subsidiary companies were reorganised by merging UAB IRL Wind, which ceased its activities as a legal entity after the merger, into Vydmantai wind park, UAB which continued its activities after the merger.

On 4th December 2013, the statutory capital of subsidiary company of AB INTER RAO Lietuva in Poland IRL Polska Sp.z o.o. was increased from PLN 2,000 thousand to PLN 10,000 thousand.

On 3rd January 2014, the subsidiary company of AB INTER RAO Lietuva in Poland IRL Polska Sp.z o.o. was granted the license for trade in electricity in Poland. The term of the license is from 9th January 2014 till 9th January 2024.

On 30th of April 2014, the General Annual Meeting of shareholders has adopted the decision to pay dividends to the shareholders of the Company in the amount of 13 million Litas.

On 22nd of May 2014, IRL Polska Sp. z o.o. begins electricity trading operations.

2015 After Lithuania joined the euro zone, AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders fixed a nominal value of

one share 0.29 EUR, share capital equal to 5.8 million EUR.

AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders decided to distribute 11.2 million EUR as dividends.

2016 AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders decided to distribute 16.1 million EUR as dividends.

Agreements with intermediaries of public trading in securities

Since 29th October 2012 the Company and UAB FMĮ Orion Securities (code 122033915), A. Tumėno str. 4, LT-01109 Vilnius, have an agreement on accounting of the Company's securities and services related to the accounting of securities.

Data about securities traded on regulated market

The following securities of the Company are included into the Main List of Warsaw stock exchange (symbol: IRL):

Types of shares	Number of shares	Nominal value (in EUR)	Total nominal value (in EUR)	Issue Code
Ordinary registered shares	20,000,000	0.29	5,800,000	LT0000128621

In December 2012, the initial public offering of the Company's ordinary shares was completed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. The total oversubscription for the Company's ordinary shares exceeded 26%. Given the ordinary share offer price of PLN 24.17 the value of the offering exceeded PLN 96.7 million. The Company's ordinary shares were included into the Main list of the Warsaw Stock Exchange.

Securities of the Group's subsidiaries are not traded publicly.



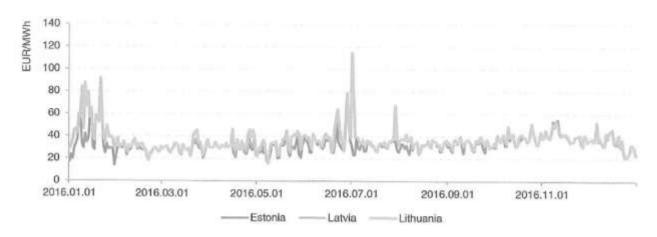
II. Financial Information

The Company's and the Group's sales in 2016 reached EUR 138.9 million and EUR 178.9 million and they were lower by 11.79% and 4.19% respectively in comparison with the sales revenue in 2015.

Total revenue declined due to on average lower and highly volatile electricity prices in the market, after introducing NordBalt and LitPol Link power interconnections and their multiple unplanned disconnections during first half of 2016 (the NordBalt was not operational approx. 60% of time during the first half of 2016). The decline was also caused by much worse meteorological conditions, which negatively affected electricity generation and sale from the wind park owned by the Group. The increase in the amount of electricity traded was mainly influenced by Estonian and Polish subsidiaries as those companies signed more contracts with their clients.

Company's sales revenue in 2016 decreased by 11.79 per cent, compared to 2015 due to some reasons - despite there were more electricity traded in Lithuania, its price on the Nordpool system was lower and electricity prices were highly volatile. Decrease in sales revenues caused lower gross profitability which during 2016 declined to 10.84% in the Company and 10.59% in the Group.

Electricity price in NordPoolSpot exchange



During the period of 2016, the Company and the Group delivered electricity to all of its clients and fulfilled all of its contractual obligations of electricity sales at prices, agreed upon in the contracts. The Company and the Group fulfilled all of its contractual obligations to its Clients in 2016 without any delays and disturbances and remains as a trusted counterparty and reliable electricity supplier.

Due to the lower prices in the regional markets and higher amount of electricity traded, the Company's cost of sales were lower by 7.22% and higher by 1.81% in the Group, comparing to the year 2015.

The Company's and the Group's EBITDA for the year 2016 was EUR 12.0 million and EUR 15.0 million. Company's EBITDA margin decreased from 12.4% in 2015 to 8.6% in 2016 and the Group's from 13.55% in 2015 to 8.4% in 2016.

During 2016 the Company and the Group fulfilled all of its contractual obligations to the Clients, and its client's base during the course of 2016 increased: from 839 in 2015 to 1.191 in 2016. The Company and the Group improved relationships with the largest electricity customers in the region, further developed electricity trading operations in Poland.

Wind park located in Vydmantai, owned by the Group over a year generated and sold 56.42 GWh, which was 17.7% less than in 2015. The decrease in electricity production was mainly caused by unfavourable wind conditions - the average wind speed in the area in 2016 was 6.08 m/s compared to 6.62 m/s during 2015.



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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

Key figures of IRL Group

Financial figures	2016	2015	2014	
Sales (EUR thousand)	178,880	186,694	210,362	
Gross profit (EUR thousand)	18,943	29,602	21,769	
Gross profit margin (%)	10.59%	15.86%	10.35%	
Operating profit (EUR thousand)	10,939	22,798	15,033	
Operating profit margin (%)	6.12%	12.21%	7.15%	
EBITDA (EUR thousand)	15,024	25,301	17,774	
EBITDA profit margin (%)	8.40%	13.55%	8.45%	
Net profit (EUR thousand)	9,256	18,819	12,343	
Net profit margin (%)	5.17%	10.08%	5.87%	
Number of shares (thousand)	20,000	20,000	20,000	
Earnings per share (EUR)	0.46	0.94	0.62	
Financial ratios	2016	2015	2014	
Return on capital employed (%)	37%	56%	41%	
Return on assets (%)	18%	28%	19%	
Return on shareholders' equity (%)	49%	75%	69%	
Gearing ratio	0.83	0.96	1.35	
Net financial debt to equity	0.45	0.17	0.72	
Equity to assets ratio	0.37	0.37	0.28	
Current ratio	1.25	1.37	1.12	
Rate of turnover of assets (%)	29%	36%	31%	

Gross profit margin - Gross profit / Sales

Operating profit margin - Operating profit / Sales

EBITDA - Profit before taxes, interests, depreciation, amortisation and impairment

EBITDA profit margin - EBITDA / Sales

Profit before taxes margin - Profit before taxes / Sales

Net profit margin - Net profit / Sales

Earnings per shares - Net profit / Number of shares

Return on capital employed - EBIT / (Total assets - Current liabilities)

Return on assets - Net profit / Total assets

Return on equity - Net profit / Total shareholders' equity

Gearing ratio - Total debt / Total shareholders' equity

Net financial debt to equity - (Financial borrowings - Cash and cash equivalents) / Total equity

Equity to assets ratio - Total equity / Total assets

Current ratio - Current assets / Current liabilities

Rate of turnover of assets - Total assets / Sales



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Revenues

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The total consolidated Group's sales revenue in 2016 was equal to EUR 178.9 million, a 4.19% less than in 2015. Total revenue declined due to lower electricity prices in Nordpool system after introducing NordBalt and LitPol Link power interconnections and their multiple unplanned disconnections during first half of 2016.

Sales revenues by operating segments, thous. EUR	2016	2015
Electricity purchases and sales	173,974	180,732
Electricity production and sales	4,906	5,962
Total	178,880	186,694

Group's revenue from sales of electricity in the 2016 amounted to EUR 174.0 million. Revenue from produced electricity sales accounted for EUR 5 million, which is a 17.71% less than the sales a year ago. The decrease in electricity production was mainly caused by the worse wind conditions in the area.

The tables below present data on the electricity trading activities of the Group for the 2016 and 2015 and the 4th quarter of 2016 and 2015, with a breakdown by each country for the periods indicated (S - sale, P - purchase).

	For	For	2015	
	5	Р	S	P
	G	Wh	G	Wh
Lithuania*	3,452	270	3,385	140
Latvia	204	204	248	248
Estonia	486	628	272	447
Russia	116	3,019	114	2,995
Belarus	-	137		189
Poland	386	386	254	254
Total*	4,644	4,644	4,273	4,273

^{*} Excluding equivalent trades on the power exchange

Differences between purchased and sold electricity total values is due to rounding

	For the 4th quarter of 2016		For the 4th qua	rter of 2015
	S	S P		P
	GWh		GW	/h
Lithuania*	1,100	40	925	37
Latvia	70	70	48	48
Estonia	130	165	75	116
Russia	30	994	26	813
Belarus		70		60
Poland	84	84	47	47
Total*	1,423	1,423	1,121	1,121

^{*} Excluding equivalent trades on the power exchange

The average annual electricity price in 2016 in Lithuanian Nord Pool Spot zone was equal to 36.54 EUR/MWh compared to 41.92 EUR/MWh in 2015, a 12.83% less than in 2015. The average weekly electricity price on the power exchange was fluctuating between 27.04 and 64.91 EUR/MWh in 2016.



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Cost of sales

The Company's cost of purchase of electricity in 2016 decreased by 7.22% and in the Group increased by 1.81% respectively if compared to 2015 and amounted to EUR 123.9 million and EUR 159.9 million. Cost of purchase of electricity constituted 98.62% and 97.81% of total cost of sales for the Company and for the Group respectively in 2016.

Transmission network service cost (i.e., input fee) for the Company and for the Group declined by 17.51% and amounted to EUR 1.7 million.

Gross profit in 2016 decreased over the year by 37.25% and amounted to EUR 15 million for the Company and for the Group decreased by 36.01%, and amounted to EUR 18.9 million, if compared to EUR 24 million and EUR 29.6 million respectively in 2015. Gross profit margin in 2016 decreased to 10.84% for the Company and to 10.59% for the Group from 15.24% and 15.86% respectively in 2015, but stayed at the healthy levels.

General and administrative expenses

Total general and administrative expenses of the Company and the Group in 2016 were higher than total general and administrative expenses a year ago. In the Company it increased by 4.01% and amounted to EUR 4.9 million and in the Group it increased by 17.64% and was equal to EUR 8.0 million. The most significant costs' groups within the general and administrative expenses in the Company and the Group were wages, depreciation and amortization, impairment of goodwill, charity, professional service expenses and consulting services expenses.

The employment related expenses (wages, salaries and social security) for the Company and for the Group over the year increased by 8.41% and 7.85%.

Support (charity) related expenses for the Company and the Group in 2016 were approximately equal to the expenses for charity a year ago and amounted to EUR 1.13 million and EUR 1.15 million respectively (a 1.74% and 2.22% decrease respectively). The Group constantly supports various organizations and initiatives as a part of its business mission. Support, provided by the Group, is concentrated on three main areas: communities, education and culture/sports.

Group recognized an additional goodwill impairment of wind park goodwill of EUR 1 million in 2016 (no impairment was recognized in 2015), mainly impacted by the more conservative approach on the electricity sales price forecast, used in annual impairment testing, comparing to the year 2015.

Earnings

Profit from operations for the Company and for the Group for year 2016 were equal to EUR 10.2 million and EUR 10.9 million, compared to the profit from operations of EUR 19.3 million and EUR 22.8 million in 2015. Operating profit margin for the Company and for the Group was equal to 7.32% and 6.12% compared to 12.25% and 12.21% a year ago.

Net result from financial and investing activities for the Company in 2016 was a 411.54% higher than a year ago and amounted to EUR 1.539 million. The increase in net result from financial and investing activities was mainly caused by dividends paid from subsidiary Vydmantai wind park, UAB (EUR 1 million). Net consolidated result from financial and investing activities for the Group increased by 88.3% compared to 2015 and amounted to EUR (0.1) million. Better overall result for the Group from financial activities was mainly caused by year-on-year 17.45% lower interest expenses, which in 2016 totalled to EUR 0.74 million and finance income - fair value change of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments (EUR 0.6 million).

As a result, profit before tax for the Company and for the Group in 2016 decreased and amounted to EUR 11.7 million and EUR 10.8 million respectively.

The net profit of the Company and the Group in 2016 amounted to EUR 10.2 million and EUR 9.3 million respectively.

The net profit margins for the Company and for the Group in 2016 decreased and were equal to 7.33% and 5.17% (compared to 10.23% and 10.08% year ago).



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Investments

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During 2016 the Group has not made any significant investments. In total EUR 11 thousand were invested into noncurrent assets compared to EUR 14 thousand in 2015.

Balance sheet and cash flow

During January-December 2016 total assets of the Company decreased by 28.53% and of the Group decreased by 23.61%. The most significant influence to the assets was caused by decrease of cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables in the Company and in the Group.

Total non-current assets of the Company decreased by 3.61% and of the Group decreased by 14.42%. The most significant change in assets in the Group was related to amortization of licenses held by subsidiary Vydmantai wind park and impairment of goodwill related to the same subsidiary as well as ordinary depreciation of wind power plant. Total non-current assets amounted to 37% of the total assets for the Company and to 51% of total assets for the Group.

During the year, shareholders' equity of the Company and of the Group decreased by 26.0% and 23.9% and amounted to 52% of the total balance sheet of the Company and to 37% of the total balance sheet of the Group. Decrease in equity was caused by dividends declared for the year 2015 and inferior results of the Company and the Group for the year of 2016. Total dividends distributed in 2016 reached EUR 16.1 million.

At the end of December 2016, total amount of borrowings, including financial liabilities related to finance lease and bank financing, amounted to EUR 1.3 million for the Company and EUR 15.7 million for the Group, if compared to previous year - 80.13% less for the Company and 34.76% less for the Group. Cash, cash equivalents amounted to EUR 5.7 million for the Company and EUR 7.2 million for the Group.

Net cash flow from operating activities for the Company and for the Group in 2016 were by 32.76% and 37.83% lower than a year ago and amounted to EUR 10.2 million and EUR 12.7 million respectively (compared to EUR 15.2 million and EUR 20.5 million a year ago).

During 2016 net cash flow from investing and financing activities amounted to negative EUR (20.2) million for the Company and negative EUR (25.2) million for the Group (compared to negative EUR (7.8) million for the Company and to negative EUR (11.9) million for the Group in 2015). Negative cash flow from financing activities is mainly related to the loans repaid and paid out dividends.

Information about related party transactions

Parties are considered related when one party has the possibility to control the other one or have significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. The related parties of the Group are as follows:

- PJSC Inter RAO (ultimate parent);
- RAO Nordic Oy (one of the shareholders);
- UAB Scaent Baltic (one of the shareholders);
- SIA INTER RAO Latvia (subsidiary);
- INTER RAO Eesti OÜ (subsidiary);
- IRL Polska Sp z o.o. (subsidiary);
- Vydmantai wind park, UAB (subsidiary);
- UAB Alproka (joint venture);
 - Other related parties include:
- UAB Scaent Baltic Group companies (the same shareholder);
- Other shareholders;
- Management.

Detailed information about related party transactions is provided in Note 26 of INTER RAO Lietuva, AB Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2016.



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Other material information

No other material information need to be disclosed.

Recent events

No other material subsequent events occurred after the balance sheet date.

Research and development activities

There were no major research and development projects undertaken during 2016, except the on-going development and improvement of the Group provided services.

Risk management

The main risk factors associated with the activities of the Company are as follows:

- Changes in the regulatory environment.
- Changes in the price of electricity traded.
- Increase in price of imported electricity.
- Decrease in electricity demand.
- Failure to build or delay in building interconnections between electricity grids.
- Discontinuation or unfavourable changes in renewable energy support schemes.
- Decrease in volume of electricity generated by the wind park.
- Increased competition among independent electricity suppliers.
- Changes in currency exchange rates.

As of 31st December 2016 the total amount of borrowings of the Group amounted to EUR 15.7 million compared to EUR 24.1 million as of 31st December 2015.

As at 31st December 2016, the Group's fully owned subsidiary (Vydmantai wind park, UAB) had an interest rate swap agreement for purpose of future cash flow hedge. On 29th June 2012 the Group's company (IRL Wind, UAB) has concluded interest rate swap agreement for the period from 17th July 2012 to 17th October 2020. The Group's company pays a fixed interest rate at 1.65% and receives a floating interest rate at 6-month EURIBOR on a notional amount set in the agreement. The notional amount of the transaction at the inception moment was EUR 12,500 thousand and is amortized over the period of validity of the derivative. After the reorganization of UAB IRL Wind and Vydmantai wind park, UAB was completed on 11th July 2013, all the assets and undertakings, including the interest rate swap agreement, of UAB IRL Wind were taken over by Vydmantai wind park, UAB. The notional amount of the transaction after reorganization was increased to EUR 23.3 million.

In 2016 the Company and the Group's fully owned subsidiary INTER RAO Eesti OÜ signed electricity derivative agreements for the purposes of future cash flow hedge. The derivative agreements are for 2017, 2018 and 2019 years.

The Group's and the Company's activities expose it to the following financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, and cash flow and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk. The Group's policy for treasury management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of the financial performance of the Group.

The Company's financial risk management is carried out by the Company under policies approved by the Management Board. This unit identifies and evaluates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Management Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investing excess liquidity.

The Group's electricity trading is partially executed based on orders submitted by a team of traders on a daily basis in response to market conditions, upon consideration of the Group's contractual obligations and market demand. Electricity trading operations are executed using software provided by the electricity exchange (Nord Pool Spot AS) platform or platforms of clients/suppliers. In order to mitigate risks associated with electricity trading, the Group has



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introduced respective policies to supervise its traders' activity. Namely, each order for electricity purchase or sale is made by two employees: one employee inputs trading parameters, whereas the other (usually the commercial director) reviews and confirms them.

Apart from internal risk management procedures, trades made by the Group are checked by its counterparties, the power exchange and transmission system operators. Electricity trades made through Nord Pool Spot AS are checked by the power exchange itself for arithmetical accuracy and systematic errors, as well as for unusual activities. Furthermore, each day the Group is obliged to present to the transmission system operator its plan for deliveries of electricity for the following day. The transmission system operator checks whether the Group is able to deliver the planned volume of electricity and, if required, checks the availability of balancing services to be provided to the Group. Moreover, each day the Group is obliged to deliver to the Lithuanian transmission system operator plans for import and export of electricity from/to Russia or Belarus.

Regarding the management of credit risk, the Group is engaged in credit valuation and constant monitoring of its Clients. In such activities, the Group uses internally designed software which allows for the collection of information from Clients and prospective Clients, which is needed to evaluate Client's credit risk.

The Company implemented a process of internal controls. The process of the Company's internal controls implies control of business processes related to provision of electricity purchase and sale, and revenue assurance (customers' settlements and accounting, development and management of services, services provision), performance of IT systems (customer care and billing, infrastructure, network information, financial accounting, salary accounting, networks' interconnection) and the process of preparation of financial reports.

Plans and forecasts

The Company does not provide any specific plans or forecasts. The Group is engaged in electricity trading and plans expansion into other countries. The Group operates a wind park located in Vydmantai and plans to further develop activities in the renewable energy sector.



III. Information about Share Capital and Shareholders

Share Capital

In the end of 2016 the share capital of the Company amounts to EUR 5,800,000 and consisted of 20,000,000 ordinary registered shares with a nominal value EUR 0.29 each. On 20th July 2012, the General Meeting adopted a resolution to increase the share capital from LTL 1,000,000 to LTL 20,000,000, and to divide the share capital into 20,000,000 ordinary registered shares with a nominal value of LTL 1 each. Such an increase in share capital was made by converting 1,000 ordinary registered shares of the Company with a nominal value of LTL 1,000 into 1,000,000 ordinary registered shares with a nominal value of LTL 1 each, and by issuing 19,000,000 new ordinary registered shares of the Company from the retained earnings of the Company. After Lithuania joined the euro zone, on 30th April 2015 AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders decided to fix a nominal value of one share 0.29 EUR and share capital equal to 5.8 million EUR. Ordinary registered shares of the Company (ISIN code LT0000128621) are listed on the Main List of Warsaw Stock Exchange (symbol: IRL).

Shareholders

As of 31st December 2016 the Company had 3 shareholders whose shares were accounted in Lithuanian securities depository system. The shares of remaining shareholders were accounted in Polish securities depository system. Due to prevailing private information protection laws in Poland, Polish National Depository for Securities is not able to provide the Company with information about number of Company's shareholders whose shares are accounted in Polish securities depository system.

Shareholders, holding more than 5% of the share capital and votes, as of 31st December 2016:

Name of shareholder	Number of ordinary registered shares owned by the shareholder	Share of the share capital, %	Share of votes given by the shares owned by the right of ownership, %	
RAO Nordic OY *	10,200,000	51.0	51.0	
UAB Scaent Baltic *	5,800,000	29.0	29.0	
Other shareholders	4,000,000	20.0	20.0	
Total	20,000,000	100.00	100.00	

As of 31st December 2016, 51% of the outstanding share capital of INTER RAO Lietuva, AB is held directly by RAO Nordic OY, a company organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of Finland, registration number 1784937-7, with its registered office at Tammasaarenkatu 1, FIN-00180, Helsinki, the Republic of Finland. RAO Nordic OY is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PJSC Inter RAO, a company incorporated under Russian law, listed on MICEX-RTS under ticker 'IRAO'. PJSC Inter RAO is a diversified energy holding managing assets in Russia, several countries of the CIS and the EU. Its operations comprise electric power and heat generation, international power trading and electric industry engineering.

As of 31rd December 2016, 29% of the outstanding share capital of the Company is held directly by UAB Scaent Baltic, a company organized and existing under the laws of the Republic of Lithuania, registration number 300661378, with its registered office at Jogailos str. 9, LT-01116, Vilnius, the Republic of Lithuania.

As of 31st December 2016, free float represents 20% of the outstanding share capital.



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* On 7th January 2014, the Company made Announcement of the acquisition of block of voting right in the Company. As of 31st December 2016, the block of voting rights is held by:

	Number of shares (units)	Number of voting rights (units)		Number of voting rights (%)	
	Directly	Directly	Indirectly	Directly	Indirectly
Ordinary registered shares of AB INTER RAO Lietuva (ISIN code LT0000128621)	96,860	96,860	5,917,393	0.48	29,59

Name and other data about the person	The number of 31st December	shares and voting 2016	rights held as o
	Number of shares (units)	Number of voting rights (units)	Number of voting rights (%)
	directly	directly	directly
JG Investment Management UAB, code 303049386, address A. Turnèno str. 4-38, Vilnius, the Republic of Lithuania	100	100	0.0005
하는 것은 사용되었다. 그는 이번 이번 경기를 받는 것은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 것은 사람들이 얼마를 받는 것은 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다.	100	100	0.0005
UAB "East Europe Investment Group", code 300606588, address A. Tuméno str. 4, Vilnius, the Republic of Lithuania	22,856	22,856	0.11
Voting rights held according to the Art 24 Part 2 of the Law on Securities of managers of the issuer)	f the Republic of	Lithuania (voting rig	hts held by othe
Vilma Juraté Balciuniene (spouse of the CEO of the issuer)	40,000	40,000	0.2
Vidas Cebatariunas (management board member of the issuer)	54,437	54,437	0.27
	rities of the Repu	 blic of Lithuania (vo	ting rights held
Voting rights held according to the Art 24 Part 1 Item 6 of the Law on Secur by the company indirectly controlled by Garbaravicius family)			

In addition, according to Art 24 Part 1 Item 2 of the Law on Securities of the Republic of Lithuania (agreement on implementation of long term management policy of the issuer), the persons indicated above indirectly hold voting rights directly held of RAO Nordic Oy, code 1784937-7, address Tammasaarenkatu 1, FIN-00180, Helsinki, the Republic of Finland, which concluded an agreement on implementation of long term management policy of the issuer with UAB Scaent Baltic (hereinafter Shareholders' agreement):



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(a	l amounts	are in	EUR	thousand	unless	otherwise	stated)
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Name and other data about the person	The number of shares and voting rights held December 2016		
	Number of shares (units)	Number of voting rights (units)	Number of voting rights (%)
	directly	directly	directly
RAO Nordic Oy, code 1784937-7, address Tammasaarenkatu 1, FIN- 00180, Helsinki, the Republic of Finland	10,200,000	10,200,000	51

Treasury shares

During the financial year of 2016, the Company has not purchased any treasury stock. As of 31st December 2016, the Company does not hold any treasury stocks.

Acquisition of treasury shares

For an adoption of a resolution on the acquisition of its own shares, a qualified ¼ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting is required. Under Lithuanian law, the Company may acquire its own shares if all of the following conditions are met: (i) the acquisition of its own shares occurs within a specified period (no longer than eighteen months) after the adoption of a resolution by the General Meeting which specifies the conditions, purpose and terms for the acquisition of its own shares, including the maximum number of shares to be acquired, the manner in which these shares may be acquired and the price range within which the shares may be acquired; (ii) the total nominal value of the shares redeemed or taken as collateral does not exceed one-tenth of the share capital; and (iii) after the acquisition of its own shares, the Company's equity does not fall below the sum of the paid share capital, mandatory reserve and the reserve for acquisition of own shares; (iv) consideration of redeemed shares are paid from the reserve for acquisition of its own shares which was formed by the Company; (v) acquired shares are fully paid; (vi) acquisition of its own shares by the Company ensures equal possibilities for all shareholders to sell their held shares to the Company. Shares that were acquired infringing the above listed requirements (i)-(iv) must be sold within twelve months from the acquisition of these shares. If the shares are not sold during this period, then the corresponding portion of the share capital of the Company must be annulled. Upon acquisition of its own shares, the Company has no right to exercise property and non-property rights conferred by such shares.

Shareholders' rights

None of the shareholders of the Company have any special controlling rights. Rights of all shareholders are equal. One ordinary registered share of the Company gives one vote in the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Shareholders' agreements

In accordance with the Shareholders' Agreement (the agreement between RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic), neither RAO Nordic OY, nor UAB Scaent Baltic had the right to sell or otherwise transfer its ordinary shares in the Company or any part thereof to any third party or create any other third party rights to the Shares or any part thereof, except upon receiving the prior written consent of RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic.

In addition, pursuant to the lock-up agreement, entered into between RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic and UAB FMI ORION Securities, RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic have agreed to certain restrictions including, but not limited to: (i) an undertaking not to offer, sell, transfer, vote in favour of, or otherwise dispose of, or publicly announce the issuance, offering, sale or disposal of any ordinary shares; and (ii) an undertaking not to enter into any swap or other



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transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequences of ownership of Shares or options, without the prior written consent of UAB FMI ORION Securities for a period of a year following the admission and introduction of Shares to trading on Warsaw Stock Exchange, which was executed on 18th December 2012. The lock-up period set in this agreement has ended on 18th December 2013.

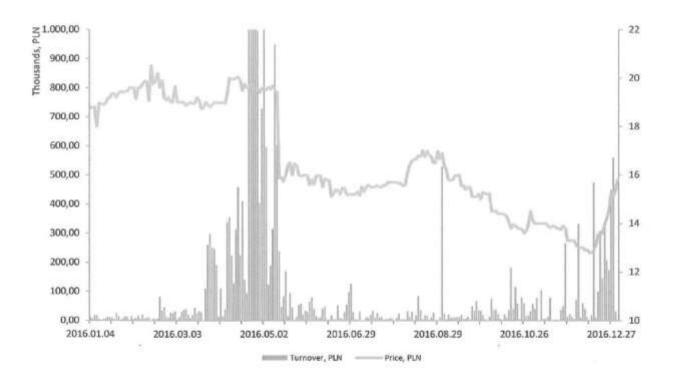
Information about trading in the Company's securities

Information about trading in the Company's shares on Warsaw stock exchange in 2012-2016:

Year	Currency	Opening price	Highest price	Lowest price	Last price	Average price	Turnover
2012	PLN	25.75	26.64	25.75	26.64	26,23	2,862,401
2013	PLN	26.93	31.3	21.01	23.92	27.12	43,529,719
2014	PLN	23.97	24.00	14.50	19.69	19.32	15,620,599
2015	PLN	19.39	19.85	15.00	18.60	17.56	8,650,069
2016	PLN	18.79	20.50	12.80	15.80	16.60	31,008,579

The Company has market making agreement with UAB FM[ORION Securities. On 28 December 2015, additional agreement between UAB FM[ORION Securities and WSE came into force in order to satisfy new requirements of Liquidity Support Programme which participant the Company is.

IRL market capitalization as of 31st December 2016 reached PLN 316 million.





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Dividends

According to the shareholders' agreement, RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic shall cause their respective nominees in the Supervisory Board and Management Board to support the distribution of no less than 70% of the relevant year net profit as dividends to shareholders.

RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic shall vote their ordinary shares at the General Meeting to ensure such distribution of the net profit, unless the Management Board, in acting in the best interests of the Company by approving the annual investment program, decides that the Company should make investments with the relevant year's net profit.

Dividend per share declared by the Company for the financial years ended 31 December 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was equal to EUR 0.81, EUR 0.56, EUR 0.19 and EUR 0.39 respectively.

Dividends for 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 amounted to EUR 16.1 million, EUR 11.2 million and EUR 3.77 million, EUR 7.82 million respectively.

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net profit, mEUR	16.12	11.20	1.16	16.8
Dividends declared, mEUR	16.1	11.2	3.77	7.82
Dividend pay-out ratio	100%	100%	325%	46%

On 20th July 2012 RAO Nordic OY and UAB Scaent Baltic adopted resolution on the increase of the share capital from the Company's own funds from LTL 1,000,000 to LTL 20,000,000. As a consequence, the net profit for distribution for the financial year ending 31th December 2012, was reduced by the amount of the share capital increase. After Lithuania joined the euro zone in 2015, AB INTER RAO Lietuva shareholders fixed a nominal value of one share 0.29 EUR, share capital equal to 5.8 million EUR.



IV. Corporate Governance

The management bodies of the Company are as follows: General Shareholders Meeting, a collegial management body - Supervisory council, a collegial management body - Board, and single-person management body - Chief Executive Officer.

Members of Supervisory council



Evgeniya Popova Chairwomen of the Supervisory Council (term: 2016,04.29 - 2020.04.29)

Head of Operational Analysis and Trading Activity Forecasting Department at PJSC Inter RAO

Education:

Moscow State Institute of International Relations qualification - Finance and Credit, and MBA at Kingston University and Academy of National Economy under the Government of the Russian Federation

Career over the last five years:

2011 - present: Head of Operational Analysis and Trading Activity Forecasting Department at PJSC Inter RAO



Education: Vytautas Magnus University Jonas Garbaravičius

Member of the Supervisory Council (term: 2016.04.29 - 2020.04.29)

Partner at Rigel Capital Partners

Caroor

2015 - present: Partner at Rigel Capital Partners

2013 - 2015: Partner at CEE Resources & Investments LLP

2012 - present: Board member at Vilnius City Opera

2012 - present: Member of the Supervisory Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2011 - present: Member of the Management Board at Inter Green Renewables and Trading

2007 - 2013: Chairman of the Board at Scaent Baltic

2007 - 2012: Member of the Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2009 - 2011: Chairman of the Board at Scaent Holdings Cooperatie

2008 - 2009: Chairman of the Board at SC Baltic Media (at the time called Express Media)

2008 - 2009: Member of the Board at Onergo



Rytis Davidovičius Member of the Supervisory Council (term: 2016.04.29 - 2020.04.29)

Director, Lewben Group, Lewben Asia Pacific



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Education:

Bachelor degree, History and Political science at Vytautas Magnus University Licence of consultant, Bank of Lithuania

Career over the last five years:

Since 2016 director, Lewben Group, Lewben Asia Pacific; Since 2013 President, Lithuanian Rugby Federation, Lithuania; 2013 - 2016 CEO, JG Investment Management UAB, Lithuania;

2014 - 2016 Adviser of the Chairman of the Board, Orion Asset Management UAB, Lithuania.

2011 - 2014 CEO, Orion Asset Management UAB, Lithuania.



Vasily Kulikov Member of the Supervisory Council (term: 2016.04.29 - 2020.04.29)

Head of Risk management and internal control department PJSC Inter RAO

Education:

Bachelor degree in Management at Non -State Educational Institution Modern University for the Humanities

Career over the last five years:

2014 - present: Head of Risk management and internal control department PJSC Inter RAO

2012 - 2014: Head of audit procurement activity department JSC Inter RAO Electric Power Plants

2010 - 2012: Head of audit procurement activity department JSC Inter RAO UES

Members of the Board



Karina Tsurkan
Chairwomen of the Board (term: 2013.04.08 -2017.04.08)
Member of the Management Board, Head of the Trading Unit of PJSC
Inter RAO

Education:

Bachelor's degree at the International Independent University of Moldova MBA degree at the University Consortium of Spain (IUP)

Career:

2012 - present: Chairman of the Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2012 - present: Member of the Management Board, Head of the Trading Unit at Inter RAO

2011 - 2012: Head of the Geographic Division "Europe" at INTER RAO UES

2010 - 2011: Head of the Geographic Division "Moldova, Ukraine, Romania" at INTER RAO UES

2009 - 2010: Head of the Department of Management and Development, the Geographic Division "Europe" at

INTER RAO UES

2008: Head of the Department of Foreign Economic Activity in East and West Europe, INTER RAO UES



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Ilnar Mirsiyapov

Member of the Board (term: 2013.04.08 -2017.04.08)

Member of the Management Board, Head of the Strategy and
Investment Unit of PJSC Inter RAO

Education:
Ph.D.
Woscow State Institute of International Relations
Almetyevsk State Oil Institute
Kutafin Moscow State Law Academy

Career:

2012 - present: Member of the Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2010 - present: Head of the Strategy and Investment Unit at INTER RAO

2009 - present: Advisor to CEO at Inter RAO

2009 - 2010: Associated Head of the Department of Law and Corporate Affairs at Rosatom

2008 - 2009: Associated Head of the Department of Corporate Governance and Development at Rosatom

2007 - 2008: Head of the Administrative Support Department at Atomenergoprom



Evgeny Miroshnichenko Member of the Board (term: 2016.12.29 - 2017.04.08)

Member of the Management Board, Chief Financial Officer, PJSC Inter RAO

Education: State University of Management

Career

2016 - present: Member of the Management Board, Chief Financial Officer, PJSC Inter RAO

2010 - 2016 — Director of Strategic Development with the Strategy and Investments Unit, Deputy Head of the Unit, Head of the Strategy Department of the Strategy and Investments Unit, PJSC Inter RAO



Giedrius Balčiūnas

Member of the Board (term: 2013.04.08 -2017.04.08) Director General (CEO) at INTER RAO Lietuva

Career:

2012 - present: Member of the Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2010 - present: Member of the Management Board at INTER RAO Eesti OÜ

2006 - present: Chairman of the Management Board at Alproka 2003 - present: Director General (CEO) at INTER RAO Lietuva

2011: Member of the Management Board at Véjų spektras (Vydmantai Wind Park)



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Vidas Čebatariūnas Member of the Board (term: 2013.04.08 -2017.04.08) Director of Commerce of AB INTER RAO Lietuva

Education

Master of Economic Analysis and Planning awarded by Vilnius University

Career:

2012 - present: Member of the Management Board at IRL Polska

2012 - present: Chairman of the Management Board at INTER RAO Latvia

2010 - present: Member of the Management Board at INTER RAO Eesti

2010 - 2013: Member of the Management Board at Scaent Baltic

2007 - present: Member of the Management Board at INTER RAO Lietuva

2005 - present: Director of Commerce at INTER RAO Lietuva

2011: Member of the Management Board at Vejų spektras (Vydmantai Wind Park)

2009 - 2011: Member of the Management Board at SC Baltic Media (at the time called Express Media)

2008 - 2010: Member of the Management Board at UAB Versus aureus leidykla



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CEO

The general director (CEO) of the Company is Giedrius Balčiūnas. Term in the position: 2003.05.21 - unlimited

Chief accountant

Chief accountant of the Company is Edita Vagonienė. Term in the position: 2012.10.01 - unlimited

Audit committee

On 12th December 2013 the Company has formed an audit committee. After the only independent member of Supervisory board Mr. Nerijus Dagilis and Supervisory Board members Mr. Mikhail Konstantinov and Mr Aleksandr Pakhomov (all of them were members of Audit committee) stepped down or were revoked from Supervisory Board, the Audit committee of the Company ceased to function. It is expected that, as soon as the Annual General Meeting elects at least one independent member of the Supervisory board, the Audit committee will be formed again from among the members of the Supervisory Board.

Holdings in the Company by members of governing bodies, administration, and audit committee

Table below presents information about number of shares held in the Company by members of governing bodies, administration:

	Name, surname	Directly h	eld shares	Indirectly I	neld shares	Total	
		No. of shares	% of total equity	No. of shares	% of total equity	No. of shares	% of total equity
	Evgeniya Popova						
Supervisory	Jonas Garbaravičius*	96,860	0.48%	5,917,393	29.59%	6,014,253	30.07%
board	Rytis Davidovičius						
	Vasily Kulikov						
	Karina Tsurkan						
	Ilnar Mirsiyapov						
Management board	Evgeny Miroshnichenko						
	Giedrius Balčiūnas		0.00%	40,000	0.2%	40,000	0.2%
	Vidas Cebatariūnas	54,437	0.27%		0.00%	54,437	0.27%
Administrati on	Giedrius Balčiūnas, CEO		0.00%	40,000	0.2%	40,000	0.2%
	Edita Vagonienė, chief accountant						

[&]quot; - more specific information about shares held by Jonas Garbaravičius can be found on the section "Information about Share Capital and Shareholders" of this report.

Remuneration of the members of the governing bodies, CEO and Chief accountant of the Company

During 2016 in total EUR 0.517 million was paid as salaries for the members of governing bodies and administration. Except for salaries, there have been no other sums transferred by the Company to the members of governing bodies and administration. More detailed information regarding remuneration is presented in the table below.

Salaries, EUR
149,460
37,365
311,219
62,244
199,356
99,678



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Important agreements

The Company has not entered into any material contracts which would come into validity, change, or expire after the change in the control of the Company.

The Company has not entered into any agreements with the members of the governing bodies, committees or employees regarding compensation in case members or employees resign, are fired without reasonable cause or their employment ceases due to change in control of the Company.

Harmful transactions

During the reporting period there have been no any transactions performed on behalf of the Company which were harmful (not complying with the goals of the Company, usual market practices, conflicting with the interests of shareholders etc.), had or could have in the future any negative influence for the activities or financial results of the Company.

According to the knowledge of the Company, during the reporting period there have been no any transactions made by the management, controlling shareholders or any other parties related to the Company which resulted in the private corporate conflicts of interest.

Auditors

The Consolidated Financial Statements presented in the annual report were audited by UAB Ernst & Young Baltic (license No. 001335), with its seat at Subačiaus 7, LT-01127 Vilnius, Lithuania. Mrs Asta Štreimikienė (auditor license No. 000382) is the signatory of the independent auditors' report on the Consolidated Financial Statements, a member of the Lithuanian Chamber of Auditors.

Social Responsibility

The Group constantly supports various organizations and initiatives as a part of its business mission. For the financial years ended 31st December 2016, 2015 and 2014 the Group spent EUR 1.15, EUR 1.17 million and EUR 1.15 million, respectively, on charity and other support. These costs represent Group's corporate values and culture to support and contribute to the overall social welfare. Support, provided by the Group, is concentrated on three areas: communities, education and culture, sports. While contributing to the social communities the Group donates to orphanages, hospitals, churches and various other charity and support organizations. When sponsoring culture and education spheres, the Group supports universities, schools, theatres, orchestras and various other organizations and events. Sports sponsorship started at the very beginning of the company's activities, the main attention is paid to basketball, soccer, car races, tennis and various other sports organizations and events.

Environment matters

The Group uses the most innovative means and the most modern technological processes that meet ecological standards. In addition, the Group owns wind park located in Vydmantai, which produces eco-friendly electricity.



V. Personnel

The table below presents the Company's data on the headcount of employees divided into categories, in the periods indicated.

	As of 31st December			
	2016	2015		
Management	8	8		
Sales Managers, including Traders	7	8		
PR & Marketing Staff	f	2		
Project managers	2	1		
Technical staff	1	1		
Office Staff	6	7		
Total	25	2.7		

The table below presents the Company's data on the employee related expenses divided into employee categories, for the period indicated.

As of 31st December 2016

	Headcount	Expenses, EUR million
Management	8	1.044
Sales Managers, including Traders	7	0.187
PR & Marketing Staff	1	0.065
Project managers	2	0.031
Technical staff	1	0.015
Office Staff	6	0.207
Total	25	1.549
	-	

On 31st December 2016 25 employees were employed in the Company. Company's personnel consisted of 8 managers and 17 specialists. Average annual employment expenses per employee in 2016 amounted to EUR 131 thousand for managers and EUR 30 thousand for specialists.

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The table below presents the Group's data on the headcount of employees divided into categories, in the periods indicated.

	As of 31st December		
	2016	2015	
Management	8	8	
Sales Managers, including Traders	15	16	
PR & Marketing Staff	1	2	
Project managers	4	4	
Technical staff	3	2	
Office Staff	-11	12	
Total	42	44	

The table below presents the Group's data on the employee related expenses divided into employee categories, for the period indicated.

As of 31st December 2016

	Headcount	Expenses, EUR million			
Management	8	1.044			
Sales Managers, including Traders	15	0.450			
PR & Marketing Staff	1	0.065			
Project managers	4	0.062			
Technical staff	3	0.036			
Office Staff	11	0.281			
Total	42	1.938			

Once grouped by broad categories, on 31st December 2016 Group's personnel consisted of 8 managers and 34 specialists. Average employment expenses per employee in 2016 amounted to EUR 131 thousand for managers and EUR 26 thousand for specialists.

As of 31st December 2016, 32 of the Group's employees were employed in Lithuania, 4 were employed in Latvia, 3 were employed in Estonia and 3 were employed in Poland.

The Group recognizes the importance of its staff in operating a stable and efficient business, and in providing the highest level of customer service and, accordingly, the Group strives to recruit, train, reward and retain only the best personnel. The Group usually introduces a remuneration system comprised of a standard gross salary, paid monthly, as well as bonuses, based on the discretionary decision of the Management.

There are no trade unions or workers councils registered in the Group Companies. There are no collective bargaining agreements concluded in the Group companies.

As of 31st December 2016, the Group's employees, except for Mr Jonas Garbaravičius, Mr Giedrius Balčiūnas, Mr Vidas Čebatariūnas, Mr Saulius Garbaravičius, Mr Nerijus Veikša, Mr Paulius Vazniokas, Mr Edvardas Važgėla, Mr Edvardas Norkeliūnas and Ms Loreta Šertvytytė do not have any direct or indirect shareholdings in the Company, do not hold any stock options or other rights to the Shares and do not participate in any other way in the capital of the Company. There are no arrangements relating to such participation.



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Senior Management

In the opinion of the Company's management, except for members of the Company's corporate bodies, the following persons are the most important for the Group (herein after the "Senior Management"):

Name	Position/Function	
Paulius Vazniokas	Economic Director	
Aisté Vaitaityté	Deputy CEO	
Edvardas Važgėla	Electricity Trading Development Director	
Nerijus Veikša	Legal Department Director	
Saulius Garbaravičius	Chief Corporate Communication Officer	

The business address of the members of the Senior Management is the Company's principal place of business at A. Tuméno 4, Vilnius, Lithuania.

Paulius Vazniokas has been the Economic Director of the Company since 2007. He currently holds several positions in the Group Companies. Since 2007, Mr Vazniokas has also sat on the management board of UAB Scaent Baltic. He also holds various positions in companies from UAB Scaent Baltic's group. Before joining the Group, Mr Vazniokas gained experience as: Head of Commercial Real Estate Department in Kaunas branch of Ober Haus UAB (2000-2002), Real Estate Project Manager and Director at AB Panevėžio keliai group (2002-2004), as well as a CFO and Head of Administration at UAB Realtus (2004-2007).

Mr Vazniokas holds Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Vytautas Magnus University, which he obtained in 2000. In 2002 he obtained Master's degree in Finance and Banking from Vytautas Magnus University. Mr Vazniokas also obtained Ph. D. degree in Economics from Vytautas Magnus University in 2011. Since 2007, he has lectured at Vytautas Magnus University. Mr Vazniokas also studied law at Vilnius University (2002-2006).

Aisté Vaitaityté has been the Deputy CEO of the Company since 1 June 2005. She has been associated with the Group since 2003 and, before becoming the Deputy CEO, Ms Vaitaityte held position of Head of Information Analysis and Transmission Division.

Ms Valtaityté holds Master's degree in Law and Management from Mykolas Romeris University, which she obtained in 2003. In 2000 Ms Valtaityté obtained Bachelor's degree in Social sciences from Lithuanian University of Educational Sciences.

Edvardas Važgėla has been the Electricity Trading Development Director of the Company since 2012. Before joining the Group, Mr Važgėla had, for over 20 years, been associated with Lietuvos energija AB, working as: Leading Engineer (1991-1993), Energy Marketing Services Manager (1993-1996), Energy Trading Centre Director (1996-2001), Electricity Market Department Director (2001-2009) and Wholesale Electricity Trading Department Director (2010-2011). Moreover, in years 1977-1991 Mr Važgėla worked for Lithuanian National Energy System, first as an Engineer Inspector and later as an Electrical Inspection Chief.

Mr Važgėla graduated from the Kaunas Polytechnic Institute in 1977 with specialization in electricity engineering. His education also includes various courses in the fields of electricity and energy.

Nerijus Veikša has been the Legal Department Director of the Company since 2007. He also is a lawyer at UAB FMĮ Orion Securities. His past professional experience includes posts of: Director at National Association of Business Administrators (2002-2003), Assistant General Director at Kauno termofikacinė elektrinė (2003-2006), lawyer at UAB Creditum (2007), General Director at UAB Scaent Baltic Energy (2007-2009), Member of the supervisory board at OMX Baltic Benchmark Fund (since 2010) and Member of the management board at UAB SC Baltic Media (2009-2012), Member of the management board at UAB Scaent Baltic (2013-2015).

Mr Veikša holds Master's degree in International Commercial Law from the Law Faculty of Vytautas Magnus University, which he obtained in 2002. In 1999, he also obtained Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Vytautas Magnus University.

Saulius Garbaravičius has been Chief Corporate Communication Officer since 2013. Since 2013 Mr Garbaravičius is a Member of the Board at Oxygen Venture Capital, since 2014 he is a Member of the Board at Orion Asset Management, UAB, since the year 2015 is CEO at Rigel Capital Partners Ltd. and since 2016 is CEO at Orion Managing Partners B.V.. His past professional experience includes posts of: Partner at CEE Resources&Investments LLP (2013-2014), Member of



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the Board at UAB "Scaent Baltic" (2007-2013), Chairmen of the Board at UAB "SC Baltic Media" (2008-2013), CEO at UAB "Franchise Media" (2008-2011), CEO at UAB "Intelligent Media" (2009-2010).

Mr Garbaravičius holds Bachelor's degree in Philosophy from Vytautas Magnus University.



VI. Statement on Corporate Governance

6.1. Statement on compliance with the BEST PRACTICE FOR WSE LISTED COMPANIES

- The Company hereby informs about the Company's partial non-compliance with the Best Practice for GPW Listed Companies 2016. The Best Practice for GPW Listed Companies 2016 can be found on the website dedicated to the corporate governance at the Warsaw Stock Exchange: www.corp-gov.gpw.pl and on the corporate website: www.interrao.lt in the section "For Investors".
- The Company acknowledges the importance of the good corporate governance and intends to apply Best Practice for GPW Listed Companies 2016 as wide as is practicable. However, due to, inter alia, differences between Polish and Lithuanian Corporate Law the Company will not comply with the following rules:
- I.R.2. according to which, if the Company pursues sponsorship, charity or other similar activities, then the Company should publish the information about the relevant policy. While the Company continuously supports sport, culture and education as well as social initiatives as a part of its business mission, it does not consider it practicable to adopt the relevant policy on its activity within these spheres.
- I.Z.1.3. and II.Z.1. according to which the Company must publish a chart showing the division of duties and responsibilities among members of the management board. Under Lithuanian Corporate Law, the management board functions and responsibilities are not required to be divided among management board members.
- 1.Z.1.6. according to which information on the dates of corporate events leading to the acquisition of limitation of rights of a shareholder, information on the dates of publication of financial reports and other events relevant to investors must be provided in the Company's website. The Company considers providing such information to investors in the future.
- 1.Z.1.11. according to which the Company should publish on its website information about the content of the Company's internal rule of changing the company authorised to audit financial statements or information about the absence of such rule. According to Lithuanian law, the audit firm is selected by the annual general meeting of the Company's shareholders (the "Annual General Meeting") to perform the audit of annual financial statements. The Supervisory Board, the Management Board and the shareholders having at least 1/20 of votes may at any time prior to or during the Annual General Meeting suggest in writing or by means of electronic communication the audit firm, therefore such rule is not required and the Company has not adopted any rules regarding the issue.
- I.Z.1.14. according to which the Company should publish on its website materials provided to the general meeting (also II.Z.10 according to which the Supervisory Board prepares and presents to the General Meeting a report and assessment of the Company's standing, including an evaluation of the internal control, risk management and compliance systems and the internal audit functions and II.Z.11 according to which the Supervisory Board should issue opinions on issues decided by the General Meeting). The Company only partially complies with this principle, as according to Lithuanian law, the Supervisory Board is not required to draw up such an assessment or report or issue such opinions.
- 1.Z.1.15. according to which information about the company's diversity policy applicable to the governing bodies and key managers should be publish on its website. Even though there is no such policy in the Company established, the Company puts its best efforts to comply with general principals. Also a diverse among others in terms of gender is ensured as currently, there are two women in governing bodies of the Company, Ms Karina Tsurkan, is the chairwoman of the Management Board and Ms Evgeniya Popova on 29 April 2016 was elected to Supervisory Board of the Company and she is the chairwoman of the Supervisory Board.
- II.Z.3 and II.Z.4, II.Z.7 and II.Z.8 according to which at least two members of the Supervisory Board and the chair of the audit committee should meet the criteria of being independent from the Company. As of the date of this report there are no independent members elected to the Supervisory Board of the Company and consequently the audit committee is not formed in the Company. The Company is putting its best efforts to comply with this principle and have at least one independent member of the Supervisory Board as it is required under the Lithuanian laws.
- III.Z.1, III.Z.2, III.Z.3, III.Z.4, III.Z.5 and III Z.6 according to which the management board of the company should be responsible for implementation and maintenance of efficient internal control, risk management, compliance systems and internal audit functions and establish rules applicable to implementation of these functions. Under Lithuanian Corporate Law, the management board is not responsible for these functions and no separate units have to be established in the company for this purpose. The Audit Committee is established in the Company which supervises and considers accounting, internal control and risk management, as well as auditing activities of the Company, performs an independent and unbiased supervision of the audit but currently the audit committee is not formed.



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- IV.R.2. and IV.Z.2 (also I.Z.1.16) according to which the Company should enable its shareholders to participate in a General Meeting using electronic communication means through real-life broadcast of General Meetings and real-time bilateral communication where shareholders may take the floor during a General Meeting from a location other than the General Meeting and enable its shareholders to exercise the voting right during a General Meeting either in person or through a plenipotentiary. The Company does not enable participation in the General Meeting by using electronic communication means through real-life broadcast and real-time bilateral communication. However, the Company does not exclude that such means will be adopted in the future. Also the Company does not comply with I.Z.1.20 according to which the Company should make audio or video recording of a general meetings public as no such recordings are required under Lithuanian Corporate Law.
- V.Z.5. according to which the Supervisory Board should approve a significant transaction/agreement with a shareholder who holds at least 5% of the total vote in the company or with related party at the request of the Company's Management Board. In accordance with Lithuanian Corporate Law, the Supervisory Board is not entitled to approve any decisions of the Management Board and approve transactions.
- VI Section according to which the Company should have a remuneration policy and comply with the rules of defining
 and implementing the policy as described therein. The Company has not adopted such policy, since the Company's
 Group is developing and the number of employees and members of management do not justify implementation of
 a complex set of rules.
 - 6.2. Description of the procedures of the General Meeting and its main powers and the rights of the shareholders and procedures of their execution

6.2.1. Procedures of the General Meeting

The General Meeting is the supreme corporate body of the Company. Procedures and powers of the General Meeting of Shareholders are regulated in the Articles of Association and specified in the Lithuanian Company Law.

The Company must hold at least one Annual General Meeting within four months of the end of the financial year. The Annual General Meeting, among other things, is entitled to resolve important corporate matters, such as any amendments to the Articles of Association, any increase and reduction of the share capital of the Company, election and removal of members of the Supervisory Board, selection and removal of the audit firm, approval of the annual financial statements and interim financial statements, adoption of a decision on the distribution of profit, dissolution, merger or transformation of the Company, and certain other matters.

The right of initiative to convene the General Meeting is vested in the Supervisory Board, the Management Board and any shareholders holding at least 1/10 of all votes.

The agenda of the General Meeting shall be prepared by the Management Board or CEO (if the General Meeting is convened by him/her). The General Meeting shall have no right to adopt decisions on issues not announced in the agenda, except when all shareholders with voting rights participate in the General Meeting and no one of them has voted in writing.

The agenda of the General Meeting may be supplemented based on suggestions of the Supervisory Board, the Management Board and any shareholder holding at least 1/20 of all votes, as long as the suggestion is received not later than 14 calendar days prior to the General Meeting. Such suggestion shall be submitted in writing or by means of electronic communication, together with draft decisions, or when no decisions must be adopted, explanations on each of the suggested agenda items shall be submitted.

Shareholders have the right to ask questions regarding items on the agenda of the General Meeting in advance. Under Lithuanian law, the Company is obliged to answer these questions before the General Meeting, provided that the questions were received by the Company not later than 3 business days prior to the General Meeting. If several questions of identical content are submitted, the Company may respond with a single answer.

If the General Meeting is not held due to absence of a quorum (shareholders that have more than half of all votes and participate at the General Meeting constitute a quorum), a repeat General Meeting shall be convened not earlier than in 14 calendar days, and not later than 21 calendar days following the failed General Meeting. The shareholders shall be informed of the convening of the repeat General Meeting in the same manner as the failed General Meeting, but not later than 14 calendar days prior to the repeat General Meeting.



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6.2.2. Voting at the General Meeting

Each ordinary share of the Company confers one vote at the General Meeting. Participation and voting in the General Meeting or the repeat General Meeting shall be reserved only for those who are shareholders on the record date, i.e. those who are shareholders at the end of the fifth business day prior to the General Meeting or prior to the repeat General Meeting.

Those authorised by the shareholders and holding a power of attorney issued by means of electronic communication to an individual or a company to participate and vote on his/her behalf at the General Meeting may attend and vote at the General Meeting. Persons with whom an agreement on assignment of voting rights has been concluded may attend and vote at the General Meeting if a shareholder informs the CEO of the Company of any transfer of voting rights by providing copies of the respective agreement and (or) authorization. Under the Articles of Association such document must be provided to the Company within 7 calendar days of the signing of the respective document.

Anyone attending the General Meeting and entitled to vote must present a document which is a proof of his/her identity. Anyone who is not a shareholder must additionally present a document proving his/her right to vote at the General Meeting.

In addition, shareholders may vote in advance of the General Meeting by filling in written general voting ballots. Shareholders that have voted in advance shall be deemed as participating in the General Meeting and their votes will be counted when establishing the quorum and voting results. If the shareholder so requests, the Company, no later than 10 days before the General Meeting, must dispatch a general ballot paper by registered mail or present this against signature, free of charge. The general ballot paper must also be available on the Company's website (www.interrao.lt) no later than 21 days before the General Meeting.

The General Meeting shall be deemed to have taken place and will be able to adopt decisions if the shareholders holding more than half of all votes of the Company participate in the General Meeting. If the required quorum is not present, the General Meeting shall be deemed to have failed to take place and a repeat General Meeting shall be convened. A repeat General Meeting shall be held based on the agenda of the failed General Meeting and shall not be subject to quorum requirements. General voting ballots of a failed General Meeting will be valid in a repeat General Meeting.

All shareholders participating in the General Meeting have the right to vote and ask questions during the General Meeting. The right to participate and to speak at the General Meeting shall also be held by the members of the Supervisory Board, Management Board, CEO, the General Meeting inspector and the auditor that prepared the conclusion and the report.

The Company must record the voting results for each decision adopted at the General Meeting. The shareholders at the General Meeting shall elect the General Meeting inspector who determines the total number of votes carried by the shares issued by the Company on the day of the General Meeting, the number of valid and invalid general ballot papers filled-in and submitted in advance, the number of valid and invalid proxies submitted, the number of submitted agreements on the disposal of voting rights, the number of voting shares represented at the General Meeting (in person, through proxies, through persons under agreements on the disposal of voting rights, under the general ballot papers filled-in in advance, under other documents entitling to vote), whether the General Meeting has a quorum, and the results of voting at the General Meeting.

Not later than within 7 days following the General Meeting, the Company must post the voting results of the General Meeting on its website. Shareholders or their representatives that have participated in the General Meeting may become familiar with the meeting minutes, and within 3 calendar days after becoming familiar (but not later than within 10 calendar days of the General Meeting), may submit their comments and opinions in writing.

6.2.3. Electing members of the Supervisory Board

The members of the Supervisory Board are elected by the General Meeting. Under the Lithuanian law candidates for a supervisory board may be proposed by the Management Board and a shareholder(s) holding shares representing at least 5% of votes. When electing Supervisory Board members, each shareholder has a number of votes equal to the number of votes carried by the shares of the Company he/she owns, multiplied by the number of members of the Supervisory Board being elected. A shareholder can distribute votes at his/her own discretion, granting them to one or several



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candidates. The candidate who receives the highest number of votes prevails. The chairman of the Supervisory Board is elected by the members of the Supervisory Board. If the number of candidates who received an equal number of votes exceeds the number of vacancies on the Supervisory Board, a repeat vote shall be held in which each shareholder may vote only for one of the candidates who received the equal number of votes.

The General Meeting may remove the entire Supervisory Board or its individual members before the expiry of their term of office. Such decision requires a simple majority of votes. If an individual member is removed, resigns or discontinues the performance of his/her duties for other reasons, and the shareholders whose shares carry at least 1/10 of all votes object to the election of individual members of the Supervisory Board, then the entire Supervisory Board shall lose its powers and shall be subject to election. Where individual members of the Supervisory Board are elected, they shall be elected only until the expiry of the term of office of the current Supervisory Board.

Under the shareholders' agreement entered by the principal shareholder of the Company (the Shareholders' Agreement), at all times during the validity of the Shareholders' Agreement, the principal shareholders will vote their shares in order to elect five candidates nominated by the principal shareholders. In addition, the principal shareholders will vote their shares to appoint two independent members proposed by the principal shareholder, since under Lithuanian law, candidates for a Supervisory Board may be proposed by the Management Board and any shareholder(s) holding shares representing at least 5% of votes.

6.2.4. Approval of annual accounts

Annual financial statements and an annual report are prepared by the CEO, assessed by the Management Board and commented on by the Supervisory Board. The Annual General Meeting receives annual financial statements and the annual report, together with comments and proposals of the Supervisory Board, and adopts a decision to approve the audited annual financial statements. The same procedure, *mutatis mutandis*, applies to the approval of interim accounts of the Company if the General Meeting makes a decision to distribute dividends to the shareholders of the Company for a period shorter than the financial year.

The annual financial statements, auditor's report, annual report and other information required under Lithuanian law must be made available to shareholders for review from the date of the notice on convening the Annual General Meeting.

6.2.5. Distribution of profit

Pursuant to the Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania, the Company may distribute its profit or assets to shareholders only (i) by paying dividend; (ii) in case of liquidation of the Company; or (iii) in case of reduction of the share capital of the Company.

Decision to distribute profits of the Company, as well as to establish, use, decrease and/or cancel the reserves, is adopted in the General Meeting by the qualified $\frac{1}{2}$ majority of votes of shareholders participating in the General Meeting.

The General Meeting may adopt a decision to declare annual and interim dividends by the qualified ¾ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting. The Company is allowed to pay dividends (i) only to the extent that the Company's equity exceeds the aggregate nominal value of all of the Company's shares plus the amount of any reserves (mandatory reserve, the revaluation reserve and the reserve for acquisition of own shares) that the Company is required to, or is allowed to, maintain pursuant to the Articles of Association or the provisions of applicable laws; (ii) only if the Company has no outstanding non-performed obligations with due terms before the adoption of the decision to pay out dividends, and (iii) only if the Company during the respective financial year or interim financial period has made profit.

Further, payment of interim dividends may be initiated by the proposal of shareholders, holding at least 1/3 of all votes of the Company. In addition to the above mentioned conditions, interim dividends are allowed to be paid only if (i) financial statements for the respective period shorter than the financial year are approved by the General Meeting; (ii) profit was generated during the respective period that is shorter than the financial year; (iii) the amount of the paid-out interim dividends do not exceed the following: a) profit generated during the respective period that is shorter than the financial year, plus undistributed profit (accumulated during all earlier years) present at the end of the previous financial year, minus part of the profit generated during the respective period that is shorter than the financial year



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that must be allocated to reserves under the Articles of Association or the Law on Companies (i.e. if the mandatory reserve is below 1/10 of the registered share capital, deductions must be made to it of not less than 1/20 of the net profit of the respective financial year); (iv) the Company has no outstanding obligations which became due before adoption of the decision to pay out interim dividends and after the interim dividends are paid, the Company will remain able to meet its obligations for the current financial year.

Dividends are paid to persons who, at the end of the rights record date (i.e. the tenth business day following the day the decision to distribute dividends was adopted by the General Meeting), were shareholders of the Company or were otherwise entitled to receive dividends. Each shareholder is entitled to dividends *pro rata* to the number of shares held by such shareholder. The Company must pay dividends within one month of the date of resolution adopted by the General Meeting.

6.2.6. Issuance of shares

The Company may issue new shares pursuant to a resolution of the General Meeting adopted by qualified ¾ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting; no special quorum is required. A qualified ¾ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting is also required to issue convertible bonds. The decision of the General Meeting to issue new shares shall be deemed void in case of failure to submit the amended Articles of Association to the Register of Legal Entities of the Republic of Lithuania within six months of the day on which the General Meeting adopted the decision. If this deadline is not met, the contributions for the subscribed shares must immediately be returned, without any deductions at the written request of the subscriber.

The Company's share capital may be increased from the Company's own funds by issuing new shares. In such case the shareholders are entitled to receive new additional shares for no consideration in proportion to the nominal value of the shares owned by them on the rights record day (i.e. the tenth business day following the day of the decision of the General Meeting to increase the Company's share capital).

A qualified ¾ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting is also required to establish the class, number, nominal value, minimal issue price of shares in the Company, as well as to convert the Company's shares of one class into another class and related procedures.

6.2.7. Amendment of the Articles of Association

The General Meeting can resolve to amend the Articles of Association by a qualified ¼ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting. The amended Articles of Association shall come into force on the day of the registration of the Articles of Association with the Register of Legal Entities of the Republic of Lithuania. Once the amendments to the Articles of Association are entered in the companies register, the Company publishes a relevant current report.

6.2.8. The rights of the shareholders and procedures of their execution

In addition to the rights described above, the shareholders of the Company also enjoy other rights established by the Lithuanian Company Law or other legal acts of the Republic of Lithuania.

6.2.9. Right to transfer the shares

According to Lithuanian law, the Company is prohibited from introducing any additional restrictions of the shareholders right to dispose of fully paid shares to another person. There are no restrictions on transfer of the shares, other than those described in applicable laws or agreed between the shareholders of the Company.

6.2.10. Pre-emptive right

Each shareholder holding the shares at the end of the rights record date (i.e. the tenth business day following the day of the decision of the General Meeting to increase the Company's share capital) has a pre-emptive right with respect to all new share issuances or convertible bonds, in proportion to the number of shares held by such shareholder.

Pre-emptive rights may be withdrawn by a decision of the General Meeting taken by a qualified ¾ majority of votes of shareholders participating at the General Meeting. The right of pre-emption to acquire new shares being issued by the



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Company or the convertible bonds may only be withdrawn for all shareholders of the Company. A written proposal to withdraw the pre-emptive right must be given by the Management Board, indicating reasons and causes for such withdrawal, as well as persons who would be offered to acquire the newly issued securities. The General Meeting, taking a decision on withdrawal of the pre-emptive right, must justify the necessity to withdraw such right and specify the person or persons who are given the right to subscribe to newly issued securities or convertible bonds, save for cases when the pre-emptive right is withdrawn because of the intention to make a public offering of securities of the Company under the procedure set by the Lithuanian Law on Securities.

6.2,11. Right to receive Information

At the written request of any shareholder, the Company shall, no later than within 7 days from the day of receipt of such request, submit to the shareholder to become familiar with and (or) present copies of the following documents: the Articles of Association of the Company, annual and interim financial statements, annual and interim reports of the Company, audit statements and reports, minutes of the General Meeting and other documents containing decisions of the General Meeting, lists of the shareholders, other documents of the Company which must be public by law of the Republic of Lithuania as long as they do not contain any commercial (industrial) secret or confidential information of the Company. Upon submission to the Company of a written undertaking in the form established by the Company not to disclose the commercial (industrial) secret and confidential information, a shareholder or group of shareholders holding or possessing more than half of all the shares shall have the right to become familiar with all documents of the Company. The Company has the right to refuse to provide to the shareholder present copies of the documents if it is unable to determine the identity of the shareholder. Refusal to provide to the shareholder with present documents shall be executed by the Company in writing at the shareholder's request. Disputes regarding the right of the shareholder to information shall be settled in court.

The Company's documents and other information or copies thereof shall be presented to the shareholders at the registered office of the Company. The Company's documents, their copies and other information shall be presented to the shareholders, free of charge.

6,2,12, Inquiry right

One or more shareholders, individually or jointly representing at least 1/10 of the share capital of the Company, may assert their inquiry right. This means that they may appeal to the court in writing to appoint one or more experts to conduct an inquiry of the activity and affairs of the Company, i.e. whether the Company or the Company's corporate bodies or their members acted in the proper manner.

In the event of improper performance of the activity, the following sanctions may be imposed by the court after evaluating the findings reported by the appointed experts: (i) revocation of the resolutions taken by the corporate bodies; (ii) temporary suspension of the powers of the members of the corporate bodies or exclusion of a person from the corporate body; (iii) appointment of provisional members of corporate bodies; (iv) authorisation of non-implementation of certain provisions of incorporation documents; (v) obligation to make amendments to certain provisions of incorporation documents; (vi) transferral to another person of the member's right of the corporate body to vote; (vii) obligation of the Company to take or not take certain actions; and (viii) liquidation of the Company and appointment of a liquidator.

6.3.Personal composition and procedures of the Company's Management and Supervisory Boards and its committees

Rules of conduct of the Supervisory Board, its committees and the Management Board are regulated in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Regulations of work of the Supervisory Board, its committees and the Supervisory Board, respectively.

6.3.1. Management Board

The Company's Management Board consists of five board members, including the chairman of the Management Board. Under Lithuanian law, the Management Board may act if at least 2/3 of the number of members established in the Articles of Association are appointed and participate in the Management Board activities. Under the Articles of Association, the members are appointed for a term of four years. Each member may be reappointed. The Supervisory



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Board elects the Board members by a majority of votes of the members who attended the Supervisory Board's meeting and those who voted in advance. The chairman of the Management Board is elected by the Management Board. The Supervisory Board may recall the entire Management Board or its individual members before the expiry of the term of their office if at least 2/3 of the Supervisory Board members present at the meeting vote for such a decision. The Management Board is responsible for the strategic direction of the Company under the supervision of the Supervisory Board. Under the Articles of Association, all resolutions of the Management Board must, depending on the type of decision, be adopted either by a simple majority of the votes cast, or unanimously.

The following decisions must be adopted unanimously (defined as all members of the Management Board vote for the adoption of the decision): (i) to approve and amend the by-laws of the Management Board; (ii) election and removal of the CEO, establishment of his/her salary and other employment conditions, to provide him/her incentives and impose penalties; approval of the by-laws of the CEO; (iii) approval of the business strategy of the Company; (iv) approval of the management structure and positions of the Company; (v) becoming an incorporator or member of other legal entities and acquisition of shares or part of capital in other legal entities; (vi) establishing branches and representative offices of the Company, approval of their regulations and nomination of their managers; (vii) investing, transferring of or leasing the tangible long-term assets, the book value of which exceeds 1/20 of the authorised share capital of the Company (calculated individually for each type of transaction); (viii) pledging or mortgaging the tangible long-term assets, the book value of which exceeds 1/20 of the authorised share capital of the Company (calculated for the total amount of transactions); (ix) granting surety or guarantee for the discharge of obligations of third persons, the amount of which exceeds 1/20 of the authorised share capital of the Company; (x) acquiring tangible long-term assets, the price of which exceeds 1/20 of the authorised share capital of the Company; (xi) approval, amendment or termination of the transactions between the Company and persons related to shareholders (except for transactions regarding the sale or purchase of electricity and/or transactions that are included in the annual investment program or budget approved by the Management Board); (xii) approval or amendment of the annual budget of the Company; (xiii) adopting decisions on issuance of debentures; (xiv) approval of transactions which are outside the scope of an annual investment program approved by the Management Board and investments exceeding EUR 1.5 million; (xv) any decisions related to the exercising of the shareholder's rights or obligations in any controlled legal entity of the Company, including (without limitation) voting in the general meetings of shareholders, nomination of the candidates to the governing bodies etc.; (xvi) making transactions or actions for sale or other transfer of the shares, capital or any other form of the membership interest (including any rights carried thereby) held by the Company in any legal entity; (xvii) decision of any other issue attributed to the competence of the Management Board by the laws, by the decisions of the General Meeting and by the Articles of Association; (xviii) approval of the annual investment program of the Company; and (xix) approval of transactions whereby loans, credits or similar financial arrangements to be obtained by the Company or whereby loans, credits or similar financial arrangements to be extended by the Company.

The term of office of the Management Board shall commence after the closing of the Meeting of the Supervisory Board at which it was elected. The Management Board shall perform its functions for a term of four years or until election and commencement of functioning of a new Management Board, but no longer than until the annual General Meeting to be held in the year at the end of the term of office of the Management Board. As at the date of the Report, the Management Board is composed of five members.

6.3.2. Supervisory Board

The Supervisory Board consists of five members, including the chairman. Under Lithuanian law, the Supervisory Board may act if at least half of the number of members established in the Articles of Association are appointed and participate in Supervisory Board activities. The members of the Supervisory Board are elected by the General Meeting. The General Meeting may also remove the entire Supervisory Board or its individual members before the expiry of their term of office.

The Supervisory Board is responsible for supervising the activities of the Management Board and the CEO. The Supervisory Board may adopt decisions, and its meetings are considered to have been validly held only if more than half of its members are present, or represented during such a meeting. The members of the Supervisory Board who have voted in advance shall also be considered to have attended the meeting. Each member of the Supervisory Board is entitled to one vote.



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office of the Supervisory Board.

Under the Articles of Association, the members of the Supervisory Board are elected for a term of four years by the General Meeting. The Supervisory Board commences its activities after the closing of the General Meeting which elected the Supervisory Board and shall perform its functions for a period of four years or until a new Supervisory Board is elected, but not for longer than the date of the annual General Meeting to be held during the final year of the term of

The Supervisory Board shall have all powers and rights provided for by the laws and these Articles of Association, including: (i) to approval and amendment of by-laws of Supervisory Board; (ii) election of members of the Management Board and CEO; (iv) submission of comments and proposals to the General Meeting on the Company's operating strategy, annual financial statements, draft of profit (loss) appropriation and the annual report of the Company, as well as the activities of the Management Board and CEO; (v) submission of comments and proposals to the General Meeting on draft decision of allocation of dividends for any period shorter than the financial year, and for that purpose composed interim financial statements and annual report; (vi) submission of proposals to the Management Board and CEO to revoke any decisions which are in conflict with the laws, other legal acts, the Articles of Association or decisions of the General Meeting; (vii) request the Management Board and the CEO to submit documents related to the activity of Company; (viii) right to make proposals for the reorganization terms; (ix) right to initiate the conveyance of the General Meeting; (x) right to supplement the agenda of the General Meeting; and (xi) a member of Supervisory Board has the right attend and speak at the General Meeting.

A decision to remove a member of the Management Board from office may be taken if at least 2/3 of the Supervisory Board members present at the meeting, including any who have voted in advance, vote for it.

As at the date of this report, the Supervisory Board is composed of four members. The Company expects that additional members of the Supervisory Board will be elected during the Annual General Meeting. It is expected that two of additional members of the Supervisory Board shall meet criteria of being independent.

6.3.3. Committees

In order to properly implement its supervisory function, the Supervisory Board has the right to form its committees. After the only independent member of Supervisory Board Mr. Nerijus Dagilis and Supervisory board members Mr. Mikhail Konstantinov and Mr Aleksandr Pakhomov (all of them were members of Audit committee) stepped down or were revoked from Supervisory Board, the Audit committee of the Company ceased to function. It is expected that, as soon as the Annual General Meeting elects at least one independent member of the Supervisory Board, the Audit committee will be formed again from among the members of the Supervisory board.

The Audit committee shall consist of three members, who may be chosen only from the members of the Supervisory Board.

The Audit committee's term of office shall be the same as the Supervisory Board. Any decisions made by the audit committee shall be only of an advisory nature to the Supervisory Board. The main tasks of the Audit committee shall include, among others, the monitoring of the Company's financial information integrity, the external auditor's independence and objectivity, as well as the effectiveness of the external audit process, the review of internal control and risk management systems.

6.3.4. Description of the basic features of the Company's internal control and risk management systems related to the process of preparing financial statements

The Company's system of internal control and risk management in the process of drawing up financial statements is implemented through:

- the audit of the annual financial statements of the Company and the Group companies;
- verification whether a single accounting policy is applied by the Company's Group companies as regards the recognition, measurement and disclosures in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS);



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- following accounting standards and monitoring compliance with them.

The Company maintains its financial statements in accordance with the IFRS as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), and as applicable in the respective years.

The Company has certain procedures to authorise the financial statements under which the periodical annual reports are submitted to the Management Board for an approval and after the approval disclosed in public. Subsequently, the financial statements are forwarded to the Supervisory Board for their opinion. The Annual General Meeting receives annual financial statements and the annual report, together with comments and proposals of the Supervisory Board, and adopts a decision to approve the audited annual financial statements. Before the publication, the financial statements are treated as confidential information of the Company and provided solely to persons involved in the preparation, verification and approval process which are bind under the confidentiality undertakings.

6.3.5. Publicly announced information

During the period from the start of 2016 to 31st December 2016 Company publicly announced and broadcasted through Warsaw Stock Exchange information system and on own webpage the following information:

Title	Category of announcement	Language	Date
Regarding Interim information publication	Investor news	EN, LT	07-Jan-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about partial repayment of loans' amounts to its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	12-Feb-2016
Publication date of the results for the 4th quarter of 2015 and the Annual Information for 2015 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Investor news	EN, LT	17-Feb-2016
Announcement of the results for the 4th quarter of 2015 and the Annual Information for 2015 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Annual information	EN, LT	19-Feb-2016
Statement on corporate governance	Investor news	EN, LT	03-Mar-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about full repayment of loans' amounts to its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	04-Mar-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva decisions of the Management Board	Notification on material event	EN, LT	29-Mar-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	29-Mar-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	30-Mar-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions	EN, LT	31-Mar-2016



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	concluded by managers		
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	04-Apr-2016
III.AD INTER RAG Electra securities	Notification on	cit, c.	01 Apr 2010
AB INTER RAO Lietuva decisions of the Supervisory Board	material event	EN, LT	04-Apr-2016
Notice on convocation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	07-Apr-2016
The decisions adopted by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Notification on material event	EN, LT	29-Apr-2016
Notice on the procedure for the payment of dividends	Notification on material event	EN, LT	10-May-2016
Publication date of the results for the 1st quarter of 2016 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Investor news	EN, LT	11-May-2016
Announcement of the results for the 1st quarter of the year 2016 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Interim information	EN, LT	13-May-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about financing received from its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	24-May-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	30-May-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	06-Jun-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	13-Jun-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	20-Jun-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	22-Jun-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions	EN, LT	28-Jun-2016



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	concluded by managers		
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about partial repayment of loans' amounts to its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	28-JUL-2016
Publication date of the results for the for the 6 month period ended 30 June 2016	Investor news	EN, LT	29-Aug-2016
Announcement of the results for the 6 month period ended 30 June 2016 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Interim information	EN, LT	31-Aug-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about partial repayment of loans' amounts to its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	26-OCT-2016
Publication date of the results for the 3rd quarter of 2016	Investor news	EN, LT	10-Nov-2016
Announcement of the results for the 3rd quarter of the year 2016 of AB INTER RAO Lietuva	Interim Information	EN, LT	14-Nov-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about partial repayment of loans' amounts to its major shareholders	Notification on material event	EN, LT	15-Dec-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about the resignation of a member of the Supervisory Council	Notification on material event	EN, LT	19-Dec-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about the resignation of a member of the Board	Notification on material event	EN, LT	19-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	19-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	19-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	21-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	22-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions concluded by managers	EN, LT	23-Dec-2016
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	Notification on transactions	EN, LT	27-Dec-2016



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(all amounts are in EUR thousand unless otherwise stated)

	concluded managers	by		
	Notification	on		
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers	transactions concluded	by		
in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	managers	ОУ	EN, LT	28-Dec-2016
	Notification	on		
	transactions			
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers	concluded	by		
in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	managers		EN, LT	29-Dec-2016
AB INTER RAO Lietuva announces about appointment of the	2 . 7 7			
Chairman of Supervisory Council and appointment of the	Interim			
member of the Board	information		EN, LT	30-Dec-2016
	Notification	on		
	transactions			
Announcement of the transactions concluded by managers	concluded	by		
in AB INTER RAO Lietuva securities	managers		EN, LT	30-Dec-2016

Contents of above mentioned announcements can be obtained on Company's webpage http://www.interrao.lt/eng/For-Investors2/Reports/Current-Reports/2016.



Confirmation of Responsible Persons

Following the Article No. 22 of the Law on Securities of the Republic of Lithuania and Rules on Preparation and Submission of Periodic and Additional Information of the Lithuanian Securities Commission, I, Giedrius Balčiūnas, General Director of AB INTER RAO Lietuva hereby confirm that, to the best of my knowledge, AB INTER RAO Lietuva Financial Statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2016 as set out on above are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and cash flows of the Company and the Group. The consolidated Annual Report of the Company includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the Group in relation to the description of the main risks and contingencies faced thereby.

Giedrius Balčiūnas

General Director

